HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER,

Office in Carlisle street, between the Court-house and Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Wednesday afternoon, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of THE STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms, CASH.

The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXVIII. NO. 23. GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, 1868. WHOLE NO. 3507.

Professional Cards, &c.

D. McCONAUGHY, JOHN M. KRAUTH

Attorneys and Counsellors.

D. McCONAUGHY has associated JOHN M. KRAUTH, Esq., in the practice of the law, at his old office, one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.

Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States, at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.

Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale, in Iowa and other western States. [Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all the Business entrusted to his care.

Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. [May 29, 1867.

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the three story building on the corner of Centre Square.

Reference.—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster, Pa. May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.

☞Office at his residence in the three story building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Court of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington.

R. G. McCREARY.

May 29, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his Office at his residence in Baltimor. street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist, Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite Dr. R. Horner's Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the province of the Dentist—Persons in want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable. [April 8, 1867.—tf

DR. C. W. BENSON HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, corner of Loudard street and Forney's Alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases. [Littlestown, Nov. 13, 1867.

DR. WM. STALLSMITH, *Dentist*, having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. He can be found for the present, at the Daguerrean rooms of Levi Mumper on Baltimore street, opposite Fahnestock's store, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable. [April 8, 1867.—tf

Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond next door to McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has always on hand the best of Segars and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call. May 29, 1867.

OSCAR D. McMILLAN, *SURVEYOR AND CONVEYANCER.* In connection with the above he is at all times prepared to attend to the

WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT AND CLERKING OF SALES.

Having had considerable practice in the above, by strict attention to business he hopes to merit a liberal share of public patronage. Charges reasonable. Residence, Gettysburg, Pa. [Jan. 22, 1868.—tf

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned, having taken out a Conveyancer's License, will, in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the

WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING OF SALES, &C.

Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Post office address Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa. J. S. WITHEROW.

May 29, 1867.—1y

FLOUR & FEED.

I WILL be in Gettysburg with Flour, &c., every MONDAY and FRIDAY in each week. Persons who may desire me to furnish them with either

FLOUR OR FEED-STUFF,

will leave their orders, either with John L. Tate or Danner & Zeigler, stating the kind and quantity wanted, when the same will be delivered at their dwellings, by

Sept. 25, 1867.—tf GEORGE GINGELL.

Hotels and Restaurants.

UNITED STATES HOTEL, OPPOSITE THE

Y. & NEW HAVEN & WESTERN R. R. DEPOT,

EACH STREET, BOSTON.

BY F. M. PRATT,

FORMERLY OF THE AMERICAN HOUSE.

Oct. 9, 1867.—1y

KEYSTONE HOTEL, *GETTYSBURG, PA.*

WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.

NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage. *May 29, 1867.*

EAGLE HOTEL.

The largest and most commodious h

GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

CORNER OF CHAMBERSBURG AND WASHINGTON STREETS,

JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.

☞An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains.

Careful servants, and reasonable charges.

May 29, 1867.—tf

CARLISLE, PA.

VISITORS to Carlisle will find the very best accommodations at the

Pennsylvania Hotel,

Kept by JOHN REILLY, on the corner of North Hanover and Louther Streets.

The TABLE is supplied with everything the market affords; the BAR is stocked with the finest Wines, Liquors, &c., and the Yards and

STABLINGS

connected with the house are in charge of an experienced and faithful hostler.

☞Give the old PENNSYLVANIA a trial and be convinced. Charges always reasonable.

March 18, 1868.—3m

JOB PRINTING, OF EVERY DESCRIPTION EXECUTED NEATLY AND CHEAPLY AT THIS OFFICE

Confectionery, Toys, Notions &c.

DIAMOND

SEGAR STORE.

REMOVAL.

The undersigned has removed his Segar Store to the NORTH-EAST CORNER OF THE DIAMOND, GETTYSBURG,

where he asks a continuance of the public patronage. His new location is one of the most

CENTRAL AND CONVENIENT,

and his stock of Segars among the most choice and satisfactory.

He will keep on hand the best BRANDS, and *will manufacture for general sale throughout the county.* He will sell at the lowest living prices, and at wholesale and retail.

He is also the agent for the Richmond (Va.) Tobacco Works, and will sell their Chewing Tobacco, at wholesale lower than it can be bought in the city.

Remember the place, in the Diamond, between Brinkerhoff's Store and McClellan's Hotel.

WASHINGTON BIERBOWER.

April 8, 1868.—tf

JOHN M. MINNIGH.

Diamond Confectionery.

Baltimore Street, opposite Star and Sentinel Office, Gettysburg, Pa.

Confections of all kinds, French and Common Candies, Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, Nuts, Toys, and Notions generally on hand. Also, just received a large assortment of plain, common and fancy

VALENTINES,

all of which will be sold at the lowest cash rates. Call and examine.

Feb. 12.—tf

Low all the People Come!

Fancy Goods and Confectionery Store

THE undersigned, having bought out J. M. Warner's Fancy Goods and Confectionery Store, on Baltimore street, nearly opposite Fahnestock's Store, Gettysburg, invites the public to a call and tasteful as the stock has been, no effort will be spared to render it still more attractive and desirable.—He now offers

Writing Desks,	Plain Candy,
Work Boxes,	Fancy do.,
Portfolios,	Pickles,
Satchels,	Sardines,
Pocket Books,	Lobsters,
China Toys,	Chow-chow,
Pocket Cutlery,	Fancy Cakes,
Jewelry,	Ferona Crackers,
Oboes,	Wine Biscuits,
Brushes,	Mustoon do.,
Perfumery,	Fire Works,
Soaps,	Pens & Pencils,
Combs,	Writing Papers,
Fruits,	Envelopes,
Nuts,	Tobacco & Segars,
Syrups,	&c., &c., &c.,

"TOO NUMEROUS TOO MENTION."

He intends to sell everything at the lowest possible prices. Believing that "small profits" bring "quick sales," and are therefore best for buyer and seller. Come one —come all!

April 1, 1868.—tf A. R. FEISTEL.

CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM SALOON.

JOHN GRUEL,

Chambersburg Str., Gettysburg,

next door to Eagle Hotel,

Having completed his new building, has opened the largest assortment of Confections ever offered in Gettysburg, including

French & Common Candies,

Toys, Nuts, &c., and everything belonging to a first-class Confectionery, with special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen.

ICE CREAM supplied on shortest notice.

Feb. 12.—tf

E. H. MINNIGH,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET,

next door to the Keystone Hotel,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Confection, Periodical and News Depot.

The Daily Papers of Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, and choice Magazines.

All kinds of Confections, Candies, Oranges, Lemons, Nuts, &c., &c.,

constantly on hand

ICE CREAM & CAKES

supplied to families and parties at shortest rates.

March 25—tf

Livery Stables.

GETTYSBURG LIVERY, SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

THE Proprietor of these Stables, in tendering thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore received, begs leave to inform the public that he continues the LIVERY BUSINESS at his old stand on Washington street, Gettysburg, near the Railroad, where he is prepared at all times to accommodate persons with anything in his line.

HORSES, COACHES, BUGGIES, &c.,

furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms, and conducted in a different strong if desired. Persons will be conveyed to other towns, or to any place in the country. His stock and Coaches are of the first class, and no pains will be spared to make passengers comfortable. He is prepared at all times to furnish coaches for funerals; and also to parties desiring to go over the Battle Field or to visit the Springs.

ALSO—HORSES AND MULES

will be bought and sold at all times. Persons desiring to purchase stock will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, as his stock is warranted to be as represented or no sale. He has a fine lot of Horses and Mules at present on hand which will be sold on reasonable terms. They are sound and free from diseases, and are guaranteed to work as represented. Persons will find it to their advantage to call at the old stand before buying or purchasing elsewhere.

May 29, 1867.—tf NICHOLAS WEAVER

THE EAGLE LIVERY, SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

ADJOINING THE EAGLE HOTEL

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE in this place, and is prepared to offer superior accommodations in that line. He has provided himself with Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c., of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. His horses are all good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable. Those desiring a "spanking team," just call on the subscriber, and they can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.

Parties, however small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to, and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties desiring to go to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.

Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging."

☞Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for Funerals.

☞We feel confident that by charging moderately and by furnishing superior accommodations, we can call a liberal share of the patronage of the public.

May 29, 1867.—tf

Groceries.

GOOD NEWS!

HENRY OVERDEER,

Baltimore, street, Gettysburg, Penna.,

HAS completed his new Store House and just returned from the city with a fresh and well selected stock of Goods, which he respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine.

HE SELLS CHEAP.

His stock consists of

GROCERIES,

FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS,

CEDAR, WILLOW AND QUEENS-WARE, FLOUR, CORN MEAL, FEED, &c

☞The cash or trade will be given for Flour, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, Lard, Rags, &c.

April 1, 1868.—tf

Grocery and Flour Store.

REMOVAL.

MEALS & BROTHER HAVE removed their Store to the Ninestedt property, on Chambersburg street, where they propose to keep constantly on hand

ALL KINDS OF

GROCERIES,

FLOUR, FEED, NOTIONS, &c.

Also, VEGETABLES in season, fresh from the city and and country. They are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

MEALS & BRO.

April 8, 1868.—tf.

BARGAINS

at the new

GROCERY

IN GETTYSBURG.

JOHN CRESS & SON

HAVING opened a new Grocery, in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, have just received a splendid assortment of FRESH

GROCERIES,

including Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, Teas, Spices Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c. Also,

QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS,

Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED-STUFFS.

Having purchased for CASH, we are prepared to sell very cheap. Give us a call and judge for yourselves.

JOHN CRESS, J. W. CRESS.

Sept. 25, 1867.—tf

NEW GROCERY STORE!

TELL EVERYBODY YOU SEE THAT

GILBERT,

JUST above the Court-House, and opposite the *Compiler* Office, will sell you everything in the GROCERY AND PROVISION Line cheaper than you can get it elsewhere.

Sugars, Coffees, Molasses,

Candles, Coal Oil, Syrups, Brooms,

Buckets, Tubs, Tobacco, Cigars,

Notions of all kinds, HAM, FISH, OYSTERS, VEGETABLES, always on hand. Give me a call, as I am determined to accommodate. BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of Country Produce taken, for which the highest cash price will be given. Don't forget the place—two doors above the Court-House. Don't pass without calling, as I solicit your patronage.

May 27.—tf

Grocery and Liquor Store!

A large assortment of

GROCERIES,

Teas, Coffees, White Sugars of all kinds, and Brown Sugars, cheap, prime new crop Orleans Molasses, and all grades of Syrups; MESS MACKEREL, best in market.—

All kinds of

LIQUORS,

wholesale and retail, prime Wine, Brandy, Rye Whisky &c., for medicinal and other purposes, in any quantity.

☞D. Mahler's Herb Bitters, and the "Great Zingari Bitters."

WM J. MARTIN,

May 29, 1867.—tf Baltimore st, Gettysburg.

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS, TOBACCOS,

ALSO,

Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware,

☞A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in a FAMILY GROCERY.

Dec. 4, 1867.—tf

Marble Yards.

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD.

MEALS & BRO.

In East York Street Gettysburg, Pa. Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of work in their line,

SUCH AS MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES MANTLES, &c., &c.

in the shortest notice, and as cheap as the cheapest.—

☞Give us a call. Produce taken in exchange for work.

Gettysburg, May 29 1867

CANNON'S MARBLE WORKS

CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND EAST MIDDLE ST., OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE.

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK EXECUTED IN THE FINEST STYLE OF THE ART.

May 29, 1867—tf

Bakery.

NEW BAKERY.

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER

Mechanics Bakery, South Washington st., half square from the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa. Constantly on hand, the best of

Bread,

Cracker

Cakes,

Pretzels, &c

Persons wishing fresh Bread will be supplied every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery

Every effort made to please, GIVE US A CALL.

April 29, 1868.—1y

Carpenters and Contractors.

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY.

AND ALL OTHERS

WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the

CARPENTERING BUSINESS

at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced Hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.

☞Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

May 20, 1867. WM. CHRITZMAN.

G. C. CASHMAN. H. H. ROWE

CARPENTERING.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that they have commenced the Carpenting in the Shop formerly occupied by Andrew Schick, York street. We are prepared to do any work in our line of business and as reasonable as any other establishment in Gettysburg.

We hope by a strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867.—tf CASHMAN & ROWE.

WM. C. STALLSMITH & SON,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

CARPENTERS & CONTRACTORS,

Are prepared to do all kinds of Carpentering—contracting and erecting buildings of all kinds, Repairing, &c. They keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order,

DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACKETS,

And any other Article in the Building Line.

Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.

☞Orders promptly attended to.

WM. C. STALLSMITH, C. H. STALLSMITH.

Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

Books, Drugs, Medicines, &c.

DR. R. HORNER,

PHYSICIAN AND DRUGGIST,

Office and Drug Store, CHAMBERSBURG STREET GETTYSBURG.

Medical advice without charge.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, STATIONERY, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, BRUSHES, TOILET ARTICLES, DYE STUFFS, SPICES, BAKING SODA, CREAM OF TARTAR, LAMPS, COAL OIL, &C., &C.

PURE LIQUORS for medicinal purposes.

Dr. R. Horner's OLIEN, a reliable remedy for chapped hands, rough skin, &c.

All articles warranted pure and genuine.

Jan 8, 1868.—tf

A. D. BUEHLER, DRUG & BOOK STORE,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET,

Near the Diamond.

STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

PERFUMERY AND TOILET SOAPS.

☞COUNTRY MERCHANTS supplied at wholesale city prices.

Feb. 12.—tf

HUBER'S DRUG STORE.

Forney's old Stand—Baltimore Street,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

HAVING purchased this old and popular Stand, and laid in an entirely new and fresh Stock, offer a full assortment, consisting in part of

DRUGS AND FAMILY MEDICINES.

PATENT MEDICINES—A LARGE ASSORTMENT.

PURE LIQUORS & WINES FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES

SPICES AND FLAVORING EXTRACTS. [SES.

DYES & DYE STUFFS—HOW & STEVENS' DYES.

EXCELSIOR DYES, AND THE ANILINE DYES—THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.

ALL THE NEW AND ELEGANT PERFUMES AND TOILET ARTICLES.

COLGATE'S, AND OTHER SUPERIOR SOAPS.

FORNEY'S HORSE POWDERS—THE BEST AND CHEAPEST; ALSO, FOUTZ'S, ELL'S, DALE'S PERSIAN, STONEBRAKER'S AND ROBERTS.

STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO AND SNUFF—THE BEST BRANDS.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS AND FAMILY RECEIPTS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

PHYSICIANS AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS SUPPLIED AT REDUCED RATES.

Medicines furnished AT ALL HOURS OF THE NIGHT. *Night Bell at the door.*

April 1, 1868.—tf

Cabinet Making.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned take this method of informing the public that they still carry on the

Cabinet-making Business,

in all its varied branches, and that they now have on hand a large assortment of

BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,

Tables, Corner Cupboards, Safes, Sinks, Stands, Dressing Bureaus, Chairs, of different kinds; in short every thing in the Cabinet-making line.

ALSO, READY-MADE COFFINS, AND COFFINS MADE TO ORDER.

All of which will be finished promptly, at the old stand on South Baltimore street, opposite Winebrenner's Tannery. The undersigned having had over 20 years experience in the business, flatter themselves that they can make as good work as any others, if not better. New beginners and others will find it to their advantage to call and buy from us, as we are determined to sell as low as possible to suit the times.

GARLACH & TRIMMER.

Dec. 18, 1867.—4m

FURNITURE.

SHEAFFER & BECKER,

PETERSBURG, (Y. S.,) PENNA.,

Are prepared to offer to the Public, anything in their line as cheap as can be had in the county.

☞Purchasers will do well to call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere.

FURNITURE

made to order. Repairing done neatly, cheap and with dispatch.

[Jan. 22, 1868.—1

Medical.

Hoofland's German Bitters,

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

The Great Remedies for all Diseases of the

LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

Hoofland's German Bitters

Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medicinally termed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from alcoholic admixture of any kind.*

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum, Orange, &c.*, making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters, as stated, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathizing as closely as it does with the Stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heart-burn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking, or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is assured from his investigations and inquiries possesses true merit, is skilfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submit those well-known remedies—

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

PREPARED BY *Dr. C. M. JACKSON,*

PHILADELPHIA, PA

Twenty-two years since they were first introduced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and expelled suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,

Resulting from any Cause whatever; PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM, induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, etc.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

PERSONS ADVANCED IN LIFE,

And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well-established fact that fully one-half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, to use their own expression, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, [illegible] and [illegible]. To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail.

Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS.

HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Penn'a., writes:

Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find 'Hoofland's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system. Yours, truly,

GEO. W. WOODWARD."

HON. JAMES THOMPSON,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, April 23, 1866.

"I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a *valuable medicine* in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMPSON."

FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D.,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir:—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,

Eighth, below Coates st.

FROM REV. E. D. FENDALL,

Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver. Yours, truly,

E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHARLES M. EVANS, Proprietor, Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

PRICES.

Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle,	$1 00
half dozen,	5 00
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, per bottle, or a half dozen for $7 50.	$1 00

☞Do not forget to examine well the article you buy in order to get the genuine. [Jan. 15, 1868.—1y

For sale by all Druggists and dealers in medicines.

Commercial Colleges.

BUSINESS COLLEGE,

BRYANT, STRATTON & KIMBERLY'S

CORNER 10TH AND CHESTNUT STREETS,

PHILADELPHIA.

YOUNG MEN

epared for the Counting Room and Business life general.

THEORY & PRACTICE

ombined by means of Banks, Business Houses and the use of all kinds of Business Paper.

THIS INSTITUTION

is endorsed by the leading business men of the City

UDENTS RECEIVED AT ANY TIME.

COLLEGE OPEN ALL THE YEAR.

FOR PARTICULARS SEND FOR CIRCULARS.

June 19, 1867.—1y

The Star and Sentinel.

[For the Star and Sentinel.

O, WHY COMPLAIN?

BY J. S. GITT.

O! why complain of what we nothing know,
Why mock Omnipotence, and scorn his will?
Have we no Faith? Do his great works not show
His boundless love, his mercy to us still?

Our days, if we but scan them as we ought,
Are brimmed to fulness with God's perfectness;
Yet in our littleness we call them naught
But days of pain, unrest and weariness.

Suns set, and leave the door of Heaven ajar;
Its purple drapery we see, until
Night comes and wakes the eyes of every star—
Nathless, we curse and say, God doeth ill.

In every tree and shrub and living flower
God's face is mirrored. And in every soul,
Responsive to the Maker's will, His power
Is felt. His handiwork runs through our whole.

O, heart of man, how changeable art thou!
O, human heart, how puerile thy desire!
When wilt thou learn in humbleness to bow,
And say, I trust Thee, Lord, there is none higher.

[For the "STAR AND SENTINEL."

JOTTINGS FROM THE WEST.

NEENAH, WIS., April 15, 1868.

EDITORS STAR AND SENTINEL:—

Leaving Fond-du-lac by the Chicago and North Western Railroad, going North, you pass through a beautiful country bordering the lake, (Winnebago.) To the west you see miles of rolling prairie, with here and there a piece of woods, and dotted with comfortable, picturesque looking frame houses. On every hand farmers are busily sowing wheat, some by hand and others by machinery. Looking to the East the view is enchanting,—the Lake, a beautiful sheet of water, spread out to the distance of thirty miles one way, and twelve the other; the shore in the far distance dimly visible, there being an elevated *range*, called the "Ledge," on the opposite side of the lake, forming a back ground, displaying in *bas relievo* the white buildings which dot the hill sides and shore. Oshkosh, in Winnebago county, 16 miles North of Fond du-lac, is the great outlet where the timber is disgorged from the "pineries" into the lake. The Wolf and Upper Fox rivers penetrate far into the timber country or "pinerie," as it is called, and are navigable a distance of 150 to 200 miles. By means of these rivers the timber is brought down (floated) to Oshkosh, the two rivers joining into one large stream at Lake Buttes-de-Morts, about 10 miles west of the city. It is my intention to take a trip up into the "pineries" as soon as I have an opportunity, when I will give you the benefit of it by explaining the *"modus-operandi"* of getting logs in the "Pineries" of Northern Wisconsin, and transforming them into window sash, doors, cornices, &c. Oshkosh contains a population of about 15,000, and is growing rapidly. Its business men are live and energetic, following their motto, "Advance." This is destined to be one of the first cities in the State, having besides the immense [illegible] interests the wholesale and most of the retail trade far into the country watered by the Wolf and Fox rivers, is surrounded by a rich grain and fruit growing country, wood and water in abundance, good churches, schools and good society. Fourteen miles north of Oshkosh, on the railroad, I found Neenah and Menasha, with an island separating them, at the *outlet* of Lake Winnebago. The water flows out by two streams forming an island at its mouth. Afterwards these streams unite and flow northward to Green Bay, forming what is called the Lower Fox.

This island, which is between one and two miles long by a quarter in width, is all that separates the two villages, one Depot serving for the two places. They have a combined population of about 7,000, and should be one by name as they are virtually one by interest. This being the only outlet for the immense volumes of water that flow into the lake from the large tract of country which surrounds it, naturally forms a water power that is inexhaustable. This has not been over looked by capitalists, so that from the number of mills of all kinds now running or in course of construction the place might well be called the city of Mills. The present season "opened up" very early; a few blustery days in March followed by a couple of weeks warm weather had the effect to draw everything out of winterquarters only to drive them back again, April coming in cold—a decided "April Fool." No damage has been done in this part of the State, at least, the trees and shrubbery not having budded. Yours, &c.,

C. H. V. P.

IS IMPEACHMENT REVOLUTIONARY?

MESSRS. EDITORS:

Impeachment has been denounced by Mr. Johnson's friends as "revolutionary." As it is a remedy expressly provided by the Constitution, for as wise and patriotic reasons as those which inspired any other portion of that document, it certainly cannot tend to revolutionize the Constitution itself. Of what, then, is it revolutionary? The New York Tribune says that History furnishes us with some precedents on this point. The impeachment of Charles I. revolutionized the conduct of English monarchs from that day to the present, substituting the will of Parliament for the caprice of the King. The impeachment of the Earl of Strafford, and other British ministers, revolutionized the conduct of the official advisers of the British Crown, and caused them to recognize their responsibility to Parliament as well as to the King. The impeachment of Warren Hastings revolutionized the administration of the government of British India, and purged it in some degree of its grosser corruptions and oppressions.—The impeachment of Samuel Chase of our United States Supreme Court, and other of our Federal Judges, revolutionized the conduct of those Judges towards those who had occasion to transact business in their courts, and caused their actions to be characterized by dignity, fairness, and sobriety, instead of by drunkenness, partiality and corruption.

When the Constitution provided for the impeachment of a President of the United States, it did not daguerreotype the features of the first President to whom the process would justly apply. But if the authors of the Constitution expected us to be afflicted with any worse President than Mr. Johnson, they must have indulged in more gloomy forebodings of our destiny than were ever made public.

I believe that the impeachment, conviction, and removal of Andrew Johnson, would work an important revolution for the future conduct of Presidents who might be disposed to usurp the powers of Congress; to violate laws; to join hands with traitors in the oppression of the weak; to sell their appointments and pardons to the most worthless and abandoned characters; and to seek systematically either to coerce Congress into doing their will or to defeat the execution of the laws when passed. The impeachment and removal of Andrew Johnson would not only remove all obstacles to the execution of the laws, but would operate as an example to secure the country to all future time against Presidential despotism. J. S. G.

"NO HOUSEKEEPER."

"Mrs. Jones is a right nice woman, good-hearted, and all that, but I am sorry to say she is no housekeeper."

"Don't know how to cook I suppose?"

"Oh, yes, she knows how to cook—I never sat down to better bread and cake and coffee and relished, than I've seen on her table, and she does her own work, too."

"What is the trouble, then?"

"Why, she isn't neat—don't keep things in order, as a woman should."

"Don't comb her hair or sweep her room, or dust her things?"

"Her hair always looks well enough, and I believe she sweeps and dusts every morning, but then she lets the children have their own way too much."

"Does she? I really was not aware—"

"I mean," said Mrs. Smith, "they have their baby rags and dolls, and blocks, and other playthings over the floor, and they keep house in the corner of the room, and I don't know what all; now I should soon go distracted with all that nonsense."

"So you don't allow your children such privileges, do you?"

"I rather think not; they have to do better than that, when I'm about. What's the use of having a house in such confusion, and everything all sizes and sevens?"

"Well, now, Mrs. Smith, I want to know how you manage your children. Come tell me your rules."

"Well, I don't have have any particular rules—only they shall not make a noise around me, nor litter up the floor with their gimcracks."

"You let them have their playthings, don't you?"

"No indeed, I locked them up long ago to keep them from being broke. I tell you there's no use of humoring young ones so much. I must keep things tidy in my house, and the dear knows, I have a time of it anyhow, with Mr. Smith not cleaning his feet on the mat, and the children most always quarreling about something or other."

"Do you think Mrs. Jones has as hard a time as you have, Mrs. Smith?"

"No, I don't believe she worries about anything. Seems to me she don't care about anything."

"Yes, she cares a great deal, and knows exactly how to make her children happy at home, and her husband is always welcomed with a smile, mat or no mat. When her children come here to see mine, they are neither noisy nor quarrelsome, but gentle, playful, healthy and happy."

"And my children?"

"Well, they are somewhat different. You see, they are kept so tightly at home that they are pretty boisterous in other houses."

"Why dont you send them home, then?"

"Because they will not go; they openly declare that 'Ma is cross, and won't let them play, and they don't like homea bit.'"

"Do any children who speak of their mother?" said Mrs. Smith, as she rose and drew her shawl around her veil to hide the coming tear.

"They often do, my friend; but take courage—there is time yet to draw their hearts to you. Have patience with them; give them their toys, and let them enjoy them in their home. Your house is always so painfully neat and quiet that I almost hate to go there."

"You shall hate it no more on that account," said Mrs. Smith, as she rung her friend's hand. "I own up that Mrs. Jones is the better housekeeper."

THE ART OF NOT HEARING.

The art of not hear

The Star and Sentinel, Gettysburg, Pa.

April 29, 1868.

The Star & Sentinel.

Wednesday, April 29, 1868.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 10,000 persons.

☞Advertisements, to secure immediate attention, must be handed in on or before Tuesday morning.

THE SOUTHERN ELECTIONS.

THE LOST STARS RE-APPEARING.

The work of reconstruction goes bravely on, despite JOHNSON'S treason, Rebel malignancy, Copperhead interferences, and "Kux Klux" assassinations. Arkansas, South Carolina, North Carolina, Louisiana and Georgia, have all declared for Republican principles, carrying the new Constitutions, and electing Republican State Tickets.

Although the majority in Arkansas is not very large, at least half the Republican vote was composed of native-born white citizens, estimated at 15,000. Gen. CLAYTON, the Governor elect, is a native of Pennsylvania.

South Carolina looms up with a Republican majority of about 43,000.

Louisiana, notwithstanding the atrocious frauds and ballot-stuffing by the Rebel Registrators and Commissioners of elections appointed by HANCOCK, gives a sweeping majority for the Constitution and Republican State Ticket—the last despatches claiming 20,000.

North Carolina is Republican all through by over 20,000, at least 30,000 white voters voting the Republican ticket.

In Georgia the contest was bitter, the opposition being lead by all the old Secesh leaders, and the result for some days was in doubt; but the last despatches announce that the Republicans have swept the State by a handsome majority.

The new Legislatures in all these States are Republican, will send ten Republicans to the United States Senate, and be ready to cast their electoral votes for Gen. GRANT next November.—Messrs. MCDONALD and RICE, the Senators elect from Arkansas, are already in Washington, but will not apply for admission until the close of the impeachment trial. "Occasional," writing from Washington to the Philadelphia Press, thus sums up some important points disclosed by the result of the elections:

I. That in every one of these original secessions States a very large white vote has been cast for Radical principles.

II. That the colored people have refused, save in rare cases, to present themselves as candidates for office.

III. That not a negro has allowed himself to be elected to Congress.

IV. That the heavy majorities cast for the Republicans secure the electoral votes of these five States for General Grant in November.

V. That the impeachment and removal of Andrew Johnson will not only seal these States to the American Union, but will give force and victory to the Republicans of the other insurgent States remaining to be reconstructed.

WE have had occasion to copy, from time to time, some choice extracts from BRICK POMEROY'S paper, the *La Crosse Democrat*, eulogistic of the Rebellion and denunciatory of the Government, to show the treasonable sympathies of the so-called "Democratic" party. Some Copperhead papers claim that it is "unfair" thus to quote BRICK POMEROY as "Democratic" authority. To which plea we make the all-sufficient answer, that the "*La Crosse Democrat*," as a party organ, appealed to the party, and the party responded by giving the paper an unexampled support—far greater than it gives to the New York *World*, Philadelphia *Age*, Boston *Post*, and other acknowledged party organs. This finds its only solution in the fact that the treasonable utterances and malignant libels of BRICK POMEROY suit the party. We venture to assert that the "*La Crosse Democrat*" has more subscribers in Adams county than all other Copperhead journals combined—the *Compiler* alone excepted. Is it "unfair," then, to infer that the party in Adams county sympathize with treason and approve the ribald slang of this miserable sheet? Meanwhile we quote from the *Democrat* of last week the following as another specimen of what finds the readiest market in that party:

"Do you blame us when we say that God was just in sending JOHN WILKES BOOTH on that dark Good Friday night, three years ago, the darkest and gloomiest in American history, to strike the traitor down, and liberate the white freemen of America from the yoke of a despot? God is just. He struck the tyrant LINCOLN from existence in an hour when the country could no longer bear the burden of him, and God, in His wisdom, cannot let the free people of America, whom he has so protected and prospered, long remain under the rule of any despot."

Here is another specimen, showing that the Pomeroy is not only a malignant Rebel, but a bold Infidel:

These *long-haired imps of niggerism* and bitter foes to true religion, the Young Men's Christian Associations (so-called), who infest the State of Wisconsin, have issued a "call" for a general love-feast of the brethren, to be holden at Madison. It devolves on Democratic journals and speakers to warn the people against these Satanic *white nigger mobs, known as Christian Associations*, Aid Societies, Mission Clubs, etc. Democrats, avoid them as you would the plague. Protect your children from their insidious wiles: they are the bastard foes of your race and *your* God. The Almighty is wiping the foul breed from the face of the earth. Their missions, their associations, and their reign will soon terminate. White men, we must check-mate these *psalm-singing hypocrities* this year, and their power will be gone forever.

THERE is one circumstance that must weigh heavily against the "Democratic" party in the pending Presidential canvass—their substantial identification in sympathy and ideas with the crushed Rebellion. The enormous circulation attained in nearly every State by BRICK POMEROY'S Rebel organ is a fact that can not be explained away. Here is a journal remarkable for nothing but its undisguised, vehement championship of the Rebel cause—which predicted and has repeatedly exulted over LINCOLN'S assassination, and glorified J. WILKES BOOTH as an apostle and martyr of Liberty—with a larger and more widely diffused circulation to-day than any two other Democratic sheets, though it is printed in a village on the upper Mississippi. Can any one explain that fact into harmony with any theory which affirms that the "Democratic" party was ever at heart hostile to the Rebellion?

THE Pittsburg *Post*, the leading Copperhead paper of Western Pennsylvania, declares that Gen. HANCOCK will not get a vote for the Presidential nomination in the Democratic National Convention.—HANCOCK helped to whip the Rebels, and was a member of the Court Martial that hung the murderers of LINCOLN. This is a record which the Copperheads can't approve, and which HANCOCK'S Rebel administration in Louisiana will not efface.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

The argument in the impeachment trial is in progress. It was originally ordered by the Senate that there should be but four speeches, two by the prosecution and two by the defence. At the request of counsel, however, the Senate finally modified the rule so as to allow all the counsel, on either side, to file written or deliver oral arguments, if they desired. Availing himself of this privilege Mr. LOGAN filed a lengthy and able argument. Judge WILSON having presented his views in the argument he made the question of admitting the testimony of the Cabinet will not take part in the closing argument. All the others will, excepting possibly Mr. STANBERY, who continues ill.

On Wednesday Gov BOUTWELL opened on behalf of the Managers in a powerful argument, which was continued through part of Thursday. He was followed by Judge NELSON for the defence in a lengthy, dreary stump speech, which occupied the balance of the day and all of Thursday, tiring the Senate, galleries and counsel by his rambling egotism, bad grammar, irrelevant matter, and silly argumentations. Even his colleagues, Messrs. EVARTS and GROESBECK left the Senate Chamber, not being able to stand the infliction. On Saturday, Mr. GROESBECK followed on the same side in a very able speech, contrasting strongly with NELSON'S effort.—Messrs. STEVENS and WILLIAMS, on the part of the Managers, occupied the whole of Monday—the former occupying a little over an hour, and the latter the balance of the day—both speeches attracting much attention. Mr. STEVENS, after reading for a half hour or more, found the effort too great, and had Gen. BUTLER finish the reading. Mr. WILLIAMS was expected to finish his argument yesterday morning, and would be followed by Mr. EVARTS for the defence, who would occupy yesterday and to-day—leaving Mr. BINGHAM to close on Thursday and Friday, unless Mr. STANBERY should desire to be heard. In either contingency, it is not likely the Senate will reach a verdict until the begining of next week, as some time will be consumed in deliberation and discussion.

Our advices from Washington continue favorable—no doubt being entertained in well informed quarters but that the President will be found guilty and removed from office.

The great length of the arguments, and the difficulty of making satisfactory abstracts thereof, preclude their publication in our columns. We annex, however, the closing paragraphs of Gov. BOUTWELL'S arraignment of the President, which will be read with interest:

Nothing, literally nothing, can be said in defence of this criminal. Upon his own admissions he is guilty in substance of the gravest charges contained in the articles of impeachment exhibited against him by the House of Representatives. In his personal conduct or character he presents no quality or attribute which enlists the sympathy or the regard of men. The exhibition which he made in this chamber on the 4th of March, 1865, by which the nation was humiliated and republican institutions disgraced, in the presence of the representatives of the civilized nations of the earth, is a truthful exhibition of his character. His violent, denunciatory, blasphemous declarations made to the people on various occasions, and proved by the testimony submitted to the Senate, illustrate other qualities of his nature. His cold indifference to the desolation, disorder and crimes in the ten States of the South exhibit yet other and darker features.

Andrew Johnson is guilty, upon the proof in part and upon his own admission, of having intentionally violated a public law, of usurping and exercising powers not exercised nor even asserted by any of his predecessors in office.

Andrew Johnson has disregarded and violated the laws and Constitution of his own country. Under his administration the Government has not been strengthened, but weakened. Its reputation and influence at home and abroad have been injured and diminished. He has not outraged a distant people bound to us by no ties but those which result from conquest and the exercise of arbitrary power on our part; but through his violation of the laws and the influence of his evil example upon the men of the South, in whose hearts the purposes and passions of the war yet linger, he has brought disorder, confusion and bloodshed to the homes of twelve millions of people, many of whom are of our own blood and all of whom are our countrymen. Ten States of this Union are without law, without security, without safety; public order everywhere violated, public justice nowhere respected; and all in consequence of the evil purposes and machinations of the President. Forty millions of people have been rendered anxious and uncertain as to the preservation of public peace and the perpetuity of the institutions of freedom in this country.

There are no limits to the consequences of this man's evil example. A member of his Cabinet in your presence avows, proclaims indeed, that he suspended from office indefinitely a faithful public officer who was appointed by your advice and consent; an act which he does not attempt to justify by any law or usage, except what he is pleased to call the law of necessity. Is it strange that in the presence of these examples, the ignorant, the vicious and the criminal are everywhere swift to violate the laws? Is it strange that the loyal people of the South, most of them poor, dependent, not yet confident of their newly acquired rights, exercising their just privileges in fear and trembling, should thus be made the victims of the worst passions of men who have freed themselves from all the restraints of civil government? Under the influence of these examples good men in the South have everything to fear, and bad men have everything to hope.

Caius Verres is the great political criminal of history. For two years he was prætor and the scourge of Sicily. The area of that country does not much exceed ten thousand square miles, and in modern times it has had a popular ulation of about two million souls. The criminal at your bar has been the scourge of a country many times the area of Sicily, and containing a population six times as great.—Verres enriched himself and his friends; he seized the public paintings and statues and carried them to Rome. But at the end of his brief rule of two years he left Sicily as he had found it; in comparative peace, and in the possession of its industries and its laws. This respondent has not ravaged States nor enriched himself by the plunder of their treasures; but he has inaugurated and adhered to a policy which has deprived the people of the blessings of peace, of the protection of law, of the just rewards of honest industry. A vast and important portion of the Republic, a portion whose prosperity is essential to the prosperity of the country at large, is prostrate and helpless under the evils which his administration has brought upon it. When Verres was arraigned before his judges at Rome, and the exposure of his crimes began, his counsel abandoned his cause and the criminal fled from the city. Yet Verres had friends in Sicily, and they erected a gilded statute to his name in the streets of Syracuse. This respondent will look in vain, even in the South, for any testimonials to his virtues or to his public conduct. All classes are oppressed by the private and public calamities which he has brought upon them. They appeal to you for relief. The nation waits in anxiety for the conclusion of these proceedings. Forty millions of people, whose interest in public affairs is in the wise and just administration of the laws, look to this tribunal as a sure defence against the encroachmens ts of a criminal Chief Magistrate.

Will any one say that the heaviest judgment which you can give is any adequate punishment for these crimes? Your office is not punishment, but to secure the safety of the Republic. But human tribunals are inadequate to punish those criminals, who, as rulers or magistrates, by their example, conduct, policy and crimes become the scourge of communities and nations. No picture, no power of imagination, can illustrate or conceive the suffering of the poor but loyal people of the South. A patriotic, virtuous, lawabiding Chief Magistrate would have healed the wounds of war, soothed private and public sorrows, protected the weak, encouraged the strong, and lifted from the Southern people the burdens which now are greater than they can bear.

Travellers and astronomers inform us that in the Southern Heavens, near the southern cross, there is a vast space which the uneducated call the hole in the sky, where the eye of man, with the aid of the powers of the telescope, has been unable to discover nebulæ or asteroid, or comet, or planet, or star, or sun. In that dreary, cold, dark region of space, which is only known to be less than infinite by the evidences of creation elsewhere, the Great Author of celestial mechanic ism has left the chaos which was in the be ginning. If this earth were capable of the sentiments and emotions of justice and virtue, which in human mortal beings are the evidences and the pledge of our Divine origin and immortal destiny, she would heave and throw, with the energy of the combined forces of air, fire, and water, and project this enemy of two races of men into that vast region, there forever to exist in a solitude eternal as life, or as the absence of life, emblematical of, if not really, that "outer darkness" of which the Saviour of man spoke in warning to those who are the enemies of themselves, of their race, and of their God. But it is yours to relieve, not to punish. This done and our country is again advanced in the intelligent opinion of mankind. In other governments an unfaithful ruler can be removed only by revolution, violence or force. The proceeding here is judicial, and according to the forms of law. Your judgment will be enforced without the aid of a policeman or a soldier. What other evidence will be needed of the value of Republican institutions?—What other test of the strength and vigor of our Government? What other assurance that the virtue of the people is equal to any emergency of national life?

The contest which we carry on at your bar is a contest in defence of the constitutional rights of the Congress of the United States, representing the people of the United States, against the arbitrary, unjust, illegal claims of the Executive.

This is the old contest of Europe revived in America. England, France, and Spain have each been the theatre of this strife. In France and Spain the executive triumphed. In England the people were victorious. The people of France gradually but slowly regain their rights. But even yet there is no freedom of the legislative will; the Emperor is supreme.

Spain is wholly unregenerated. England alone has a free Parliament and a government of laws emanating from the people who are entitled to vote. These laws are executed, and a sovereign who should willfully interpose any obstacle would be dethorned without delay. In England the law is more mighty than the king. In America a President claims to be mightier than the law.

This result in England was reached by slow movements, and after a struggle which lasted through many centuries. John Hampden was not the first nor the last of the patriots who resisted executive usurpation, but nothing could have been more inapplicable to the present circumstances than the introduction of his name as an apology for the usurpations of Andrew Johnson.

No man will question John Hampden's patriotism or the propriety of his acts when he brought the question whether ship-money was within the Constitution of England, before the courts; but no man will admit that there is any parallel between Andrew Johnson and John Hampden. Andrew Johnson takes the place of Charles I, and seeks to substitute his own will for the laws of the land. In 1636 John Hampden resisted the demands of a usurping and unprincipled king, as does Edwin M. Stanton to-day resist the claims and demands of an unprincipled and usurping President.

The people of England have successfully resisted excutive encroachment upon their rights. Let not their example be lost upon us. We suppressed the rebellion in arms, and we are now to expel it from the executive councils. This done, Republican institutions need no futher illustration. All things then relating to the national welfare and life are made as secure as can be any future events.

The freedom, prosperity, and power of America will be assured. The friends of constitutional liberty throughout Europe will hail with joy the assured greatness and glory of the new republic. Our internal difficulties will rapidly disappear. Peace and prosperity will return to every portion of the country. In a few weeks or months we shall celebrate a restored Union upon the basis of the equal rights of the States, in each of which equality of the people will be recognized and established. This respondent is not to be convicted that these things may come, but justice being done these things are to come.

At your bar the House of Repesentatives demands justice—justice for the people, justice to the accused. Justice is of God, and it cannot perish. By and through justice comes the liberty of the law, which is freedom without license.

Senators, as far as I am concerned, the case is now in your hands, and it is soon to be closed by my associate. The House of Representatives has presented this criminal at your bar with equal confidence in his guilt and in your disposition to administer exact justice between him and the people of the United States.

His conviction is the triumph of law, of order, of justice. I do not contemplate his acquittal—it is impossible. Therefore I do not look beyond. But, Senators, the people of America will never permit an usurping executive to break down the securities for liberty provided by the Constitution. The cause of the country is in your hands. Your verdict of *guilty* is *peace* to our beloved land.

WE are glad to learn from the Lancaster *Examiner*, that the health of Mr. STEVENS is now better than it has been at any time during the past two years.—He seems to have mastered his disease, and the presumption is, that he will before long regain his wonted good health and energy. His appetite is good and he sleeps well at night.

THE next Pennsylvania Legislature will elect a United States Senator for six years, after the fourth of March, 1869, when BUCKALEW goes out.

GENERAL NEWS.

FOUR hundred thousand pairs of shoes are now manufactured in Lynn in one week.

Two clergymen were killed by lightning at Laurinburg, N. C., on Friday.

OLD things become new. Blue coats and brass buttons are once again the fashion in England.

A YEAR ago a man paid $1,000 for some land in Omaha. He has just sold it to a railroad for $36,000.

A LITTLE boy was shot dead by his brother at Geneva, Ill., a few days ago, while playing soldier.

A FLOCK of wild pigeons, twelve and a half miles long, recently flew over Wellsville, New York.

THE bill making local officers in this State elective at Fall elections did not pass the House.

AT the Paris Exposition, Brazil secured the prize for raising the best coffee in the world.

A HEAVY snow storm prevailed in Canada on Thursday, the drifts being in some places two feet deep.

THE residence of Gen. Sherman, in St. Louis, was entered a night or two since, and robbed of a quantity of silver-ware.

THE New York *Herald* advises Jeff. Davis to leave the United States. It says, "there will be no pardon from old Ben Wade."

OF the population of New York city 429,-953 were born in the United States, and 383,-717 in foreign countries.

FIVE hundred Northern emigrants a week, it is estimated, pour into Missouri. They take with them, on an average, $1,000 apiece.

MEXICAN advices received *via* Havana give a very discouraging account of the position of affairs in that Republic.

THE Ohio Senate has indefinitely postponed a bill to allow a higher rate of interest than six per cent. on special contract.

A NUMBER of counterfeit five-cents notes of the new issue have recently been presented at the Redemption Bureau of the Treasury Department for redemption.

HON. Wm. C. Rives of Virginia died at Charlottesville, on Saturday. He was formerly a United States Senator from Virginia, and at one time Minister to France.

A LITTLE child attached to Forepaugh's circus, aged about six years, fell from a horse while performing at Chester recently and has since died.

DURING the five years the Republicans of Indiana have been in power they have reduced the State debt more than one-half, besides paying all the war expenses.

ONE farm in Illinois has three hundred and twenty miles of hedge fencing upon it. The owner proposes to put out ten thousand acres of wheat next year.

SCHRATT'S second trial will commence on the 12th of May. Judge Black, Mr. Merrick and Mr. Bradley, Jr., will appear on his behalf.

WILLIAM W. Wilson, printer, was killed in Boston, on Friday, by falling from a third story window while assisting in lowering a heavy case of books.

A FRENCH artist claims to have discovered a method of photographing whereby the colors of an object are reproduced with as much fidelity as the form.

THE *La Crosse Democrat* thus defines the abstraction known as "a conservative": "A smooth-tongued, cold-blooded, deceitful, double-faced, fork-tongued sneak."

HON Chauncey Jerome, whose clocks have made his name known world-wide, died on Monday in Connecticut, after a brief illness, in the 76th year of his age.

FROM our Maryland exchanges we learn that the fruit crop in Carroll, Alleghany and Dorchester counties has not been seriously injured by the recent cold weather.

REV. Dr. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, is out-spoken in favor of Gen. Grant for the Presidency, not because he thinks Grant is especially available, but because he esteems him "the fittest man for the office in America."

GENERAL Schofield has issued an order, stating that, as Congress has made no appropriation for the election expenses in Virginia on the 2d of June, the election will not take place on that day unless the appropriation should be made before that date.

DR. Bebee, of Chicago, was called to testify in a case before the United States Circuit Coirt at Chicago, one day last week, as a medical expert. He refused to testify unless he received fees as an expert to the amount of $25. The Judge decided he was right, and the fees were paid.

GENERAL McDowell and staff arrived on Wednesday at New York from California.—Johnson had intended to put him in command of the 5th military department, as successor of Hancock. If Wade becomes President, Phil. Sheridan will be sent back to bring the Rebels in that department to terms.

THE Union Pacific Railroad is pushing westward with rapid strides. It has climbed to the summit of the Rocky Mountains and begun the decent on the Pacific Slope. A dispatch from the Chief Engineer of the work announces the laying of the rails upon the summit, with befitting ceremonies, on the 16th instant.

A FEW days ago a young man employed in a saw mill in Maine, got caught in the machinery, and before it could be stopped was carried between two and three hundred times around an iron shaft passing with each revolution through a space about 16 inches in width between the shaft, and a partition. Strange to say he escaped with compartively slight injury.

THE public debt statement for this month will show a reduction of the liabilities of the Government of about ten millions. The receipts from custom still come in encouragingly, and have reached eleven million four hundred thousand dollars for the twenty-three days ending Friday. During the same period the receipts from internal revenue amount to five million nine hundred thousand dollars.

ACCORDING to the census of 1860, the average monthly wages, inclusive of board, in thirteen States of the Union, was $30 for males and $17 for females. In the six New England States the proportion was $32,46 for men and $16.83 for women, and the excess of the former was greatest in Massachusetts, being $48.90 to $19.02. The highest pay given to women was in Rhode Island, being $20.84 per month.

ANDY JOHNSON was born to luck. He is the first Vice President who ever was inaugurated when drunk; he is the first President who ever reached the presidency through the murder of the President elect, and he is the first President who ever was indicted for high crimes and misdemeanors. He came into the White House through assassination, and will go out of it by impeachment. A very remarkable man is the Copperhead "Moses."

THE ROMAN QUESTION.—Recent advices from Florence says that the Italian Government, under the pressure of France and Prussia, has renounced the project of making Rome the capital of Italy, though it will not abjure the vote of the Italian Parliament; and the design is to make Rome a free city under the Presidency of the Pope. France stipulates, however, that no change is to take place during the life of Pius IX.

A FELLOW by the name of Bates—a Copperhead—has been walking through the South with the American flag unfurled. Because he escaped being murdered by the Democratic newspapers proclaim that the entire South is loyal and has the proper respect for the national ensign. When he arrived at Baltimore the traitors who, in 1861, shot unarmed men on the march to defend the Capital, turned out in force to receive him. But the deception has neither paid Bates nor the copperheads.

THREATENED ASSASSINATION OF HON. B. F. WADE.

—Hon. B. F. Wade last week received the following letter, post-marked Winchester county, Kentucky, April 17:

Ben Wade, Hon. (so called).

This *communication* is to notify you that you are *marked* and *watched* by the K. K. K., and should you and your infamous associates succeed in your fanatical and hellish design of *foisting* yourself as so called President on an unwilling people by actual force, that your *fate* will be before ONE MONTH, that of "the late lamented A. L." You may not heed this warning, but go your course, and your fate is sealed by a bullet by 8 S. K. K. K. *Eyes* are on your track that never sleep; and this will be your portion. Thad. Stevens is doomed. Gen. Grant is watched also.—You think yourself in security, but there is a vengeance *awaiting you three grand conspirators.* As for Butler, the K. K. K. of New Orleans will take him in charge at the proper time, and his portion will also be a bullet. An indignant people will no longer bear what you demons in human shape are preparing for them. Go on, and you will see whether the 8 S. K. K. K. will *lie*. *Be warned in time.*

By order of the Grand Commander of the K. K. K.

W. C. C. K., April 14, 1868. 8 S. K. K. K.

FOREIGN.—The Atlantic cable brings news from Abyssinia, which has caused great rejoicing in England. The expedition which it was feared would be a tedious and expensive affair, with a chance at last of failing in its objects, has proved at an early day a complete success. The latest previous despatches reported Gen. Napier preparing to make a dash on Magdala, the capital of King Theodorus. On Good Friday the attack was made, the Abyssinians defeated and driven into Magdala. On the Monday following Gen. Napier attacked and carried the place by storm. King Theodorus was killed with a large number of his warriors, and a still larger number wounded or captured, whilst the British loss was small. All the British captives were found in the city alive and well. The British force it was expected would immediately return to the coast.

The attempted assassination of Prince Alfred took place at Sydney, Australia, on the 12th of March, when he was shot in the back by an Irishman named Farrell, who, the despatches say, is known to be connected with the Fenian organization. If this be true it will add to the dishonor which other acts of a similar kind have brought upon the Fenian cause. The wound was both painful and dangerous, but the Prince had so far recovered that by the advice of his physicians he had sailed for England. Prince Alfred is the most popular of the royal family in England, and the attempted assassination has naturally caused great excitement and indignation.

PRESBYTERIAN REUNION.—For thirty-one years the Presbyterians of the United States have been divided and known respectively as the New and Old School, but a general Convention of delegates from the various divisions adopted, last year, a basis for reunion, and it is now being discussed and acted upon in the subordinate synods and presbyteries whose ratification is necessary. The Presbyterians of Western New York recently met at Buffalo, and unanimously agreed to the proposed plan. Their example will probably be generally followed throughout the country, and as the leading clergymen on both sides are in favor of the measure a great breach of thirty years' standing will at last be healed. The abrogation of slavery and the prevalence of more liberal views respecting abstract questions of theology have materially paved the way for the unity of the denomination.

FIVE CHILDREN THROWN INTO A WELL BY THEIR FATHER.—A shocking occurence took place last month at Foxdale, in the Isle of Man. A miner named Killy, who was subject to fits of depression and lowness of spirits, acting under the influence of a groundless fear of the loss of employment, made up his mind to destroy himself and family. He accordingly walked out of his house into a field where three of his children were playing, and threw them one by one down a well. His wife, who heard their screams, ran out of the house to the well, with a baby in her arms. He wrenched the baby out her grasp, and threw it down the well, and tried to throw his wife after the child, but she escaped. The fifth child, who had been sent for assistance, now came up, and he threw her down the well, and plunged in after her. The bodies were soon recovered, chiefly by the gallantry of a man who descened into the well at the risk of his life. Two of the children survived; the rest, with the father, were brought up dead.

THE elephant Romeo, which was on exhibition in Philadelphia within a week or two, has gone on a tour through the interior of the State. Not long since he killed his keeper, and on his way to Lancaster a few days ago, he became angry and restive, and among other freaks he killed a horse, injured other animals, demolished wagons, fences, telegraph poles, and finally after five hours stabbing and beating he roared for mercy and reached Lancaster in time to take part in the show in the evening.

THE Secretary of the Treasury has decided that a Collector of Internal Revenue, or any other officer of the Government who holds funds of the Government in a fiduciary capacity, shall not be permitted to deposit such money in any bank or banking institution in which the officer is a stockholder, or otherwise financially interested in the business of the banking concern.

HON. John Minor Botts thinks the Constitution, soon to be presented for the endorsement of Virginia, "altogether the best Constitution we have had yet, and that the best feature in it is the clause requiring all officers to take the test oath."

Special Notices.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

For the cure of *Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Influenza, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Predisposition to Consumption, &c., &c.*

This great remedy is too well known and is performing too much good to make it necessary to go into an elaborate discussion of its merits. Suffice it to say that it still maintains its supremacy in curing diseases of the most obstinate character, and that all who suffer from the above complaints, after having tested this remedy seldom have occasion to resort to other appliances to insure a perfect restoration to health.

Testimony of Mr. PETER SHAW.

WEST WINFIELD, N. Y., Dec. 10, 1860.

Messrs. S. W. FOWLE & SON, Boston.

Gentlemen.—During the winter of 1858 I was very much out of health, afflicted with a severe *Cough, Pain in the side and Lungs*, and a general depression of health to such an extent as greatly to alarm myself and friends as to the result. During this time I tried several highly recommended remedies, with little or no good result, and had concluded to try the effect of a Southern climate upon my health; but, before carrying this resolution in to effect, I was induced by the urgent solicitation of your agent, Mr. Huntley, to give Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY a trial. I did so, and to my great joy found immediate and permanent relief by *the use of only one bottle*, and I am now in as good health as ever. I believe your Balsam one of the best remedies, for *Coughs, Colds* and all *Lung Diseases*, now in use, and conscientiously recommend it as such.

Yours truly, PETER SHAW.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont, st., Boston, and for sale by Druggists generally.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE.

We are constantly hearing favorable reports from those who have tried this remedy Amy Anthony, wife of Mark Anthony, of this city, and living at No. 6 Locust street, afflicted with a felon on the finger, was recently induced to make a trial of the Salve. Almost instantly she experienced relief from the pain, which had been almost unendurable. Every other remedy but this proved unavailing. Those who have tried it once are satisfied of its merits, and nothing will induce them to be without a supply.—*Fall River News.* [April 1.-1m

PERSONS WHO ARE GRAY

Can have their hair restored to its natural color, and if it has fallen out, create a new growth, by using

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN

HAIR RENEWER.

It is the best hair dressing in the world, making lifeless, stiff, brashy hair, healthy, soft, and glossy.

Price $1.00. For sale by all druggists.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H. Proprietors.

April 1.-1m

THE GREAT PRIZE

EXHIBITION UNIVERSELLE, PARIS, 1867.

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.

Awarded over Eighty-two Competitors,

THE HIGHEST PREMIUM,

The Only Cross of the Legion of Honor

and

GOLD MEDAL

given to

AMERICAN SEWING MACHINES,

per Imperial Decree, published in the "Moniteur Universel" (Official Journal of the French Empire,) Tuesday, 2d July, 1867, in these words:

ELIAS HOWE, JR. { Fabricante de Machines a coudre exposant. Manufacturer of Sewing Machines, Exhibitor.

This double first honor is another proof of the great superiority of the Howe Sewing Machine over all others.

SIBLEY & STOOPS,

No 23 South Eighth Street,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

Agents for Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Western Virginia. [March 4.-3m

GEORGE JACOBS & BRO., Gettysburg.

Agents for Adams County.

ADDRESS TO THE NERVOUS and debilitated whose sufferings have been protracted from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable. If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Are you weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or flecky, or is it ropy on settling?—Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon the subject? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody?—Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights?—Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver-complaint?

Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever observe a confirmed case of impotency, or sexual debility, successful business men always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become addicted to bad habits; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other means about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running the sexual functions to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men from badly-cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, fistula, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic.—HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upward of 18 years, prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,

594 Broadway, New York, and

104 South 10th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

April 30, 1867.-1y

TO THE LADIES.—FOR ONLY ONE DOLLAR,

We are selling *Silks, Shawls, Dry* and *Fancy Goods* of every description, also, *Silver Ware, Furniture, &c.—Valuable Presents*, from $5 to $500, are *given away free of charge* to agents sending clubs of ten and upwards. Circulars sent free to any address.

WYETH & CO.,

Successors to MESSENGER & CO.,

P. O., Box, 2931. 42 Hanover st., Boston, Mass.

Feb. 5.-6m

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Occulist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No. 906 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination.

SPEER'S WINES are pure juice Grape Wines and excel in purity and richness most of our native vintages. They are used in Churches for communion purposes and in hospitals for invalids and convalescents on account of their purity and reliability. [Sept.13-1y

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,

June 6, 1867.—1y 823 Broadway, New York.

COLGATE & CO'S ERASIVE SOAP.

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN *ERASIVE SOAP.*

Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers.

[May 14, 1867.—1y

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease, Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. The stipulates, however, that no change is to take place during the life of Pius IX.

Please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,

No. 165 South Second st., Williamsburg, New York.

June 6, 1867.—1y

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN,

NORTH-WEST CORNER,

CENTRE SQUARE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

1

ALPACCAS,

EMPRESS CLOTHS,

MUSLINS, DELAINES,

CALICOES & GINGHAMS,

8

BALMORAL SKIRT

HOOP SKIRTS

SACKINGS,

SHAWLS

6

CUTTONADES,

BLACK CLOTHS,

TRICOT CLOTHS,

FANCY CASSIMERES,

8

HOSIERY, GLOVES,

SUSPENDERS,

COLLARS,

JEANS,

! ! !

CARPETS,

QUEENSWARE,

KNIVES AND FORKS,

UMBRELLAS, WINDOW BLINDS.

☞ *DON'T FORGET THE PLACE.* ☜

April 22, 1868.—tf

ROW & WOODS

ARE SELLING AT LOWEST PRICES,

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

JEANS,

COTTONADES, &c.

ALPACCAS,

DELAINES,

LAWNS,

POPLINS,

BRILLIANTS,

PERCALES, &c.

GINGHAMS,

PRINTS,

MUSLINS,

FLANNELS,

CHECKS,

SKIRTINGS, &c.

BAL. SKIRTS, cheap.

APRONS,

PARASOLS,

CORSETS,

HOOP SKIRTS, &c.

April 22.—3m

FAHNESTOCK BROS.

have just received their

NEW FALL STOCK,

the largest in the county—consisting of

DRY GOODS,

MERINOES,

POPLINS,

MUSLINS,

ALPACAS,

GINGHAMS,

FLANNELS

DELAINES,

CALICOES,

&c., &c., &c.,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, JEANS,

in every variety.

CARPETS, a large stock and very cheap.

SHAWLS, all kinds and cos.

BLANKETS, very cheap.

QUEENSWARE, the largest stock in the county and very cheap.

HARDWARE and Saddlery, in all its branches, at the lowest market rates.

GROCERIES, of all kinds.

IRON AND NAILS,

OILS AND PAINTS.

Will sell GOODS at prices DEFYING COMPETITION. Give us a call and examine our stock.

SIGN OF THE RED FRONT.

Oct. 2, 1867.—tf

NEW GOODS.

Cheaper than Ever!

REBERT & ELLIOTT,

Baltimore st., opposite the Court House,

HAVE just opened a new and large assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods

OF ALL KINDS,

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

TWEEDS,

SILKS,

GINGHAMS,

LAWNS,

PRINTS,

BAREGES,

MUSLINS, &c.,

To

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Wednesday, April 29, 1868.

SOLD.—Dr. WM. STEM, of Cashtown, has sold to E. P. KITTINGER 2 acres and 16 perches, for $110 cash.

NOTARY PUBLIC.—S. S. BISHOP, Esq., of Littlestown, has been appointed a Notary Public, at the recommendation of the Littlestown Savings Institution.

SERVICES.—There will be preaching on the second Sabbath of May, (9th) at the Marsh Creek Presbyterian Church, at 10 o'clock, A. M., by Rev. S. H. MCKOWN, of Princeton, N. J.

PROLIFIC.—JOHN MILLER, of Mountjoy township, has a Ewe, which about four weeks ago gave birth to four lambs, all of which are living and doing well. She nurses three of them, the fourth being supplied with ordinary milk.

☞The Western Union Telegraph Company have recently extended their lines, increasing the facilities for transmitting messages. The new arrangement places the office in this place, (of which Mr. H. D. SCOTT is the courteous and obliging operator) in direct communication with Washington, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, and other leading points.

WILD CAT SHOT.—About three weeks ago JESSE METZ, of Hamiltonban township, shot a wild cat, which weighed 24½ pounds, and measured 4 feet 6 inches in length. He and his brother were engaged in making fence, when their attention was attracted by the baying of the hounds, and upon going to look the matter up found the wild cat had taken refuge in a large pine tree. Mr. METZ procured a gun and brought the animal down at the first fire.

REYNOLDS MONUMENT.—A meeting of the Committee of the First Corps, Army of the Potomac, having in charge of the Reynolds Monument fund, was held at Philadelphia, on the 17th inst. The treasurer reported $7900 invested in five-twenty United States bonds, and a cash balance of $103 65. This fund, which at a fair valuation amounts to about $7500, is not sufficient to justify the committee in erecting the monument. The committee require about $2000 additional, and unless the amount be subscribed at once the erection of the monument must be deferred until, by the accumulation of interest, the fund be sufficient. The monument is to be put in the National Cemetery at this place. The committee urgently request officers and soldiers of the Gen. Reynolds' Corps promptly to send in their subscriptions to either of the following gentlemen:—Gen. C. S. Wainright, treasurer, at Rhinebeck, N. Y.; General R. Coulter, Greensburg, Westmoreland county, Pa.; General J. W. Hofmann, No. 9 north Eighth street, Philadelphia; Colonel Chapman Biddle, No. 131 south Fifth street, Philadelphia, or to Dr. T. H. Bache, No. 233 south Thirteenth street, Philadelphia.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.—The Jury in the case of Henry Gehr vs. Wm Benchoff, (on trial when our paper went to press last week,) rendered a verdict for Plaintiff for $153.12½. The following additional cases were disposed of during the week:

COMMON PLEAS.

Butler School District vs. Samuel Lentz.—Appeal from Justice of the Peace.—Judgment by agreement of parties, for Plaintiff for $59.

I. D. Jones vs. Geo. Rex, Charles Camp and Jesse Ebbert.—Summons in trespass, growing out of sale of daguerreotype instruments. Plaintiff, who resides in Mechanicsburg, Pa., claimed to have loaned to a man named Rahn certain Daguerrean apparatus, which was seized by Rex, under attachment proceedings for debt of Rahn, sold by Camp as constable, and purchased by Ebbert. Plaintiff failing to prove property, the Jury found for defendants.

Andrew G. Myers vs. the same parties. —Summons in trespass to recover value of a Daguerrean Wagon, loaned by Piff to the man Rahn, and sold, under similar circumstances, as the property of Rahn. Verdict for Plaintiff for $274.03.

Peter Wolf vs. Washington Banchoff.—Action in assumpsit. Judgment of non-suit entered by order of Court for non-appearance of Plaintiff.

Henry Hartzel vs. Benjamin F. Fickel and Solomon Bender. Action in assumpsit. Verdict for Plaintiff for $212 65.

Elizabeth Kunkel vs. Elizabeth Herring. Action in slander, groing out of the disappearance of a chaff bed of a Mr. Mickley. The Jury, after being out some time, rendered a verdict for Plaintiff for 1 cent damages and 5 cent costs.

QUARTER SESSION.

Commonwealth vs. John Cook.—Larceny of umbrella from R. G. Harper. Verdict, guilty, and defendant sentenced to the County Jail for two months and pay the costs of prosecution.

Commonwealth vs. John Cook.—Larceny of umbrella J. C. Burns. Verdict, guilty, and defendant sentenced to the County Jail for two months and pay cost of prosecution.

Commonwealth vs. James Elliott and Henry Rule.—Larceny of watches from Soper & McCartney. Elliott plead guilty, and was sentenced to the County Jail for one year, and to pay $5 fine and costs; Rule was tried and found guilty, and sentenced to nine months in jail, and pay $5 fine and costs.

Commonwealth vs. George Watson.—Assault and battery upon John Sites. Verdict, guilty, and defendant sentenced to pay a fine of $25 and costs of prosecution.

Commonwealth vs. Upton Johnston.—Assault and battery upon James Warfield (both colored.) Verdict, guilty, and defendant sentenced to pay a fine of $2 50 and costs of prosecution.

Commonwealth vs. Levi Weaver.—Assault and Battery on the information of Samuel Little. Ignored by Grand Jury and prosecutor to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. Samuel Little.—Assault and Battery on the information of Levi Weaver. Indictment ignored and Prosecutor to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. Amos Lady, Josiah Lower and John C. Lower.—Assault and Battery on information of Jerome W. Keller. Ignored and county to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. Jeremiah Sites and John C. Sites.—Charge, permitting Gambling, &c. Ignored and county to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. Davis S. Peffer.—Charge, Murder, &c. Ignored upon the grounds, that from the evidence it appeared that the defendant was insane at the time he committed the act.

Commonwealth vs. Nelson Matthews.—Assault and Battery on the information of George Pendleton. Ignored and prosecutor to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. James Warfield.—Surety of the peace, on information of Christian Shefferer. Settled by leave of Court, defendant paying costs.

Commonwealth vs. John Eichelberger.—Assault and Battery on information of Aaron Lease. Settled by leave of Court, defendant paying cost, and giving security to keep the peace for one year.

The application for the Incorporation of St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Congregation in Littlestown, was approved, and the Charter ordered to be recorded.

Application was made for incorporation of the German Reformed Church (Flohr's) in Franklin township, and the 20th of May fixed for the hearing of the same.

Application was also made for the incorporation of a Building Association, in Bendersville, which lies over until August term.

NEW GAME LAW.—We see it stated that the Legislature, at the late session, passed a very stringent law for the preservation of Game and insectivorous birds. The bill provides that it shall not be lawful to shoot, kill, or in any way destroy any blue bird, swallow, martin or other insectivorous bird at any season of the year; that no deer, fawn or elk shall be hunted or killed between the 1st of December and the 1st of September in any year; that no wild turkey, pheasant or rabbit shall be hunted or killed between the 1st of January and the 1st of September in any year; that no partridge or quail shall be taken or killed between the 20th of December and the 20th of October; no wood cock or snipe shall be killed between the 1st of March and the 1st of September; that no wild turkey, pheasant, partridge, quail, wood cock or snipe shall be trapped or taken by means of traps, snare-nets, spring or other means of taking such birds, other than by shooting, at any time, whatever; nor shall any trap, net or snares be made, erected or set either wholly or in part, for the purpose of such trapping or taking; that no eggs of any kind of the birds above enumerated and hereby declared to be game, or any insectiverous birds, shall be taken or destroyed at any time.

☞The *New York Tribune*, of the 21st, has an editorial in reference to Gettysburg as "a new Watering Place," and the demand for more commodious Hotels and boarding places, in the course of which it is remarked—

"The managers of the Theological Seminary and grounds meditate their sale, with a view to removal to some more retired location."

We presume the *Tribune* derives its information from a telegram, purporting to come from Gettysburg, which appeared in the Associate Press despatches several weeks ago, representing that negotiations were on foot for the immediate purchase of the Seminary buildings, and that Gov. GRARY was at the head of the movement. No such despatch was ever sent from Gettysburg, and nothing is known of it here. We should like to see a large hotel erected here. With the attractions growing out of the notoriety of the Gettysburg Waters, and the great Battles of July, 1863, we believe it would pay. But it is not correct that "the managers of the Theological Seminary and grounds meditate their sale, with a view to removal to some more retired location."—The Associated Press despatch was evidently a *canard*, manufactured elsewhere, and looks very much like an "advertising dodge."

IMPORTANT TO BOND HOLDERS.—At the last Court, the distribution of the fund in hands of Mr. MCCURDY, Sequestrator of the Gettysburg Railroad Company, as made by the Auditor, was referred back to the Auditor, on motion of Counsel for gentlemen who hold the Bonds originally hypothecated to HOPKINS and others as collaterals, and claim to come in on the funds. Mr. NEELY, the Auditor, gives notice that he will hear the parties in interest on the 15th of May, at his office in Gettysburg. It is a matter in which the resident and *bona fide* Bond holders are interested, and it might be well for them to be properly represented before the Auditor by Counsel. If the claim asserted be maintained, it will sweep away the larger part of the fund.

☞"The American Railway Literary Union," is the name of a new and important organization which proposes to banish from leading lines of travel on railway and steamboat routes the trashy and corrupting literature with which passengers are plied by news agents on these lines. The "Union" proposes to secure the exclusive right of selling newspapers and magazines on these routes, and will supply nothing but healthy literature and unobjectable newspapers.—We notice among the Directory some of the leading railroad men of the country, HENRY WELLS, DANIEL DREW, J. C. FARGO, &c. JACOB A. GARDNER, Esq., formerly of this county, is the Superintendant of the Middle district, embracing the States of New York New Jersey, Delaware, Pennsylvania, and Canada, with headquarters at 615 Chesnut, Philadelphia.

DANGEROUS.—The danger of leaving pins and needles in clothing, to be subsequently used in washing, &c., is occasionally illustrated by painful and serious punctures. Last week, the wife of Mr. JOSEPH KUNKLE, of Franklin township, while handling a dress in which a needle has been carelessly left, had the needle penetrate her wrist, about half the depth of the needle. In the effort to extract it the needle broke, leaving about one half firmly imbedded in the wrist.

TO BUILDERS.—Col. C. H. BUEHLER has just received a very large assortment of LUMBER suitable for Building purposes, including Boards, Planks, Flooring, Siding, Laths, Pickets, Shingles, &c.—Also Posts, hewed and sawed, with prime Fencing Boards, white Pine and Hemlock. Builders will do well to give him a call, as his stock is not only large, but his arrangements are such that he can sell at the very lowest cash rates.

Also, constantly on hands Black-smith, Lime-Burners' and Stove COAL, with an extensive assortment of COOKING STOVES, of the best make, Hollow-Ware, Tin-Ware, Japan-Ware, &c., which House keepers will do well to examine. Ware room, on Carlisle street opposite the depot.

READ IT.—Read the certificate of Rev. JACOB D. TROSTLE, of Linganore, Md., attached to the advertisement of Mr. WM. WIBLE, in to-day's paper. Mr. TROSTLE is a practical farmer, well know in Adams county, (being a son of MICHAEL TROSTLE, of Mountjoy township.) He has tested a number of Machines and regards Ball's WORLD'S REAPER the best combined machine he has ever seen. It

NO MISTAKE.—FRANCIS CUNNINGHAM has just received from the city one of the largest and best selected assortment of Ready-made Clothing for Spring and Summer use, including Fancy articles and Notions, ever opened in Gettysburg, all of which he is offering at very low prices. If you want bargains, call at the old stand on Baltimore street, opposite "Star and Sentinel" office, formerly F. B. PICKING'S. It

NO HUMBUG.—Do you want anything in the shape of Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Castors, Clocks, Watches, (American or Foreign,) go to SOPER & MCCARTNEY'S on York street, who had just opened the largest assortment of goods in this line ever offered to the citizens of Gettysburg—all of which are warranted to be what they are sold for—no humbug or deception. Call and examine. It

☞Rare attractions are now offered at Feistel's Fancy and Notion Store, Baltimore street. He has added a large quantity of new goods, including many novelties just introduced in the best city fancy stores.—Call and see. His stock of Confections, Fruits, &c., has also been largely increased. Customers cannot fail to be pleased at Feistel's. It

☞Capt. NORRIS has just returned from the city with the largest Stock of Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, and Shoes, ever offered to the citizens of Adams County. Give him a call and be convinced. It

HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD, by SAMUEL HERBST, at his Stables in rear of Keystone House, Gettysburg, Pa. He has also a very fine JACK which can be seen at his stable. April 29.—2t

WIRE TOOTH HAY RAKES, of best make, for sale during the season, by WM. WIBLE. 1m

GRANT AND VICTORY!

The "Star and Sentinel," FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

"Rally 'round the Flag, Boys!"

The Presidential Campaign of 1868 will be one of surpassing interest and excitement. The *Impeachment Trial* of ANDREW JOHNSON; the possible attempt at resistance and revolution by the dangerous man now occupying the Executive Chair;—the proceedings of the Impeachment Congress during the Spring and Summer months;—the assembling of the Republican and Copperhead National Conventions, and the platforms, candidates, &c., of the two great political parties,—all these circumstances will make the Campaign of 1868 the most important that has ever occurred in the history of political parties in this country. Republicans must be wide awake. A newspaper this year will become *a necessity* to every voter. No house can afford to be without one.

It will be the aim of the publishers of the "*Star and Sentinel*," to keep their readers thoroughly posted and informed on all the great matters of National, State and local interest connected with the contest, and in every respect to make a good FAMILY NEWSPAPER. The outside will be devoted to literary and useful matter—such as Tales, Poetry, Anecdotes, Farm News, Sketches, &c. The inside will contain local news of Adams and neighboring counties, Editorials, Congressional and Legislative proceedings, Market Reports, Marriages, Deaths, Advertisements, &c. No family should do without it.

TERMS: Two Dollars a year, in advance.

FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

In order to place the *Star and Sentinel* within the means of every Republican family and voter in Adams and the surrounding counties, we will furnish it to the 15th of November—which will include the returns of the Presidential Election, at the following

CAMPAIGN RATES.

Single Subscribers,	$1.00 each.
Ten Copies,	$8.00 or 80 cts. "
Twenty Copies,	15.00 " 75 " "

These rates will barely cover the cost of the white paper upon which the *Star and Sentinel* is printed—so that payment must be made invariably in advance.—Orders by mail promptly attended to.—The papers will be sent as soon as the names are received. Address,

HARPER, MCPHERSON & BUEHLER,
Gettysburg, Pa.

"They made her a grave too cold and damp
For a soul so honest and true."

It they had been wise, the dire necessity of opening the grave for one so lovely might have been averted. Plantation Bitters, if timely used, are sure to rescue the young and lovely, the middle-aged and ailing, from confirmed sickness.

Almost all diseases have their beginning in some *slight* difficulty of the stomach, which would eventuate in Dyspepsia, Headache, Liver Complaints, Night Sweats, Consumption, Death. Plantation Bitters will prevent these premonitory symptoms, and keep the blood pure and the health good.

While they invigorate the system, they enliven the mind.

☞Magnolia Water is a delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne, at half the price. April 22.—2t

BEAUTIFUL AND OF UNIFORM EXCELLENCE.—A well-known, safe, and speedy agent for restoring gray hair to its original color, for preventing the loss of the hair, for promoting its healthy growth and increasing its beauty, a gradual but certain cure for baldness, and an essential toilet requisite for all who prize that choicest gift of nature, a bountiful supply of hair; the above is said by all who use Mrs. S. A. Allen's Improved (*new style*) Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in one bottle.*) Every Druggist sells it. Price One Dollar. April 1—1m

☞The long desired appendage to the culinary department, viz.,a Stove perfect in every respect, has at last been supplied, and Messrs. MARSHBANK & MARTIN, Harrisburg Stove Works, feel that they can give the satisfaction desired in their celebrated Nimrod Cook Stoves; as a neat, durable, and complete article they challenge the world to produce its equal. It contains all the modern improvements, etc., and is claimed to be especially superior in its baking qualities. The Stove is so regulated as to give a uniform heat, the surface being heated alike on all sides at the same time. There is no difficulty in the management of it as its simplicity is one of its excelling virtues. It

A FAMILY REMEDY.—No family should be without some efficacious remedy for the cure of affections, so universally prevalent, as coughs, colds, sore throat, whooping-cough, and croup—some remedy, too, which can be relied upon as safe, sure and certain. Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry combines this *desideratum*. It

☞"The blushing beauties of a modest maid" are doubly enhanced by the "luxuriant wealth" of hair which as surely follows the use of "Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorative" as that light follows darkness.—*St. Louis Times.* It

☞The reader's attention is directed to the advertisement of the National Publishing Company, who desire Agents to canvass for subscribers to Hon. A. H. STEPHENS' work on the late Rebellion.

A CHICAGO paper gives a long list of Republican successes which have recently been achieved at the West. The Republicans have carried by decisive majorities Madison, the capital of Wisconsin, St. Paul, Minnesota, and Peoria, Illinois, all hitherto strongholds of the Democracy. Kenosha, which went Democratic last year, and Racine, which is usually close, have now chosen Republican municipal tickets. The Republican have likewise, aside from the vote on the new Constitution, swept Michigan by their usual majority, and increased their majority in Wisconsin to the extent of several thousands. Grant's name is a tower of strength to the Western Republicans.

A. T. STEWART, the great dry good merchant, having had his attention called to reports that he had withdrawn from the support of General Grant, has written a letter, saying that such reports are utterly unfounded. He says: "So far from having withdrawn from General Grant's support, I am daily, as far as one individual can, exerting all honorable means to bring about his (Grant's) nomination and election, believing it to be the only effectual way of giving peace and prosperity to our present disunited Union.

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

CARROLL.—Rev. Henry C. Gremé, of Sunbury, Pa., has accepted a call of the German Reformed Congregations of Westminster and Silver Run.—Dr. F. C. Hoffmeier was thrown from his horse last week, dislocating his shoulder.

FRANKLIN.—An attempt was made to burn the Montgomery House, in Chambersburg, on the 20th inst., a quantity of pine being fired under the steps leading to the cellar. The fire was extinguished without essential damage.—An election for borough officers in Chambersburg will be held on Monday, under the new Act which invalidated the election held in March.—A horse belonging to Ferdinand Berry, of Chambersburg, was stolen from his stable on the night of the 6th inst.— Jacob Lantz, near Mercersburg, while puting up a barn on the 6th, had his leg badly crushed by a piece of timber.

FREDERICK.—The corporate authorities of Frederick have ordered an election to take place on Monday, the 4th of next month, to take the sense of the voters of that municipality in reference to the proposition to subscribe to the capital stock of the Frederick and Pennsylvania Line Railroad.—Among the appointments of Judges of Election, by the County Commissioners, we notice the following for Emmittsburg district: Samuel G. Ohler return judge, with John Troxell and N. G. Rowe: School Commissioner, John Walter, jr.

WASHINGTON.—On the 17th inst., the barn of Wm. Hager, three miles from Hagerstown, was destroyed by fire, with contents, including several head of cattle.—By amicable arrangement, the large Lutheran congregation in Hagerstown have agreed to divide, one portion retaining the old church and the other building a new one—*a pro rata* division of the present church property to be made, upon a valuation to be adjusted by a Committee.

YORK.— The barn of Daniel Loucks, near York, was burned on the night of the 18th inst., with the contents, including four mules, a number of cattle, several hogs, hay, grain, and farming utensils. The stock, &c., belonging to Mr. Snyder, tenant, who had just moved to the premises.—Mrs. Aaron Gibbs, of Springgarden township, hung herself on the 13th inst.—John Miller, of North Codorus township, working on the repairs of the Northern Central Railway, was run over by the mail train south, on the 3rd inst., and instantly killed.

Review of the Markets.

Baltimore Grain and Produce Market.

Baltimore, Tuesday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR,	10 00	@	11 00
EXTRA FLOUR,	11 50	@	12 00
WHITE WHEAT,	3 10	@	3 20
RED WHEAT,	3 00	@	3 15
CORN,	1 05	@	1 22
RYE,	1 80	@	2 10
OATS,	72	@	86
TIMOTHY-SEED,	2 50	@	2 62
CLOVER-SEED,	7 50	@	7 75
FLAX-SEED,	2 80	@	2 90
BACON, HAMS,	18	@	21
" SIDES,	17	@	17½
" SHOULDERS,	14½	@	14½
LARD,	19½	@	19½
GOLD, Phila.			1 39

Gettysburg Grain and Provision Market

Gettysburg, Wednesday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR,			10 00
EXTRA FLOUR,	11 00	@	11 00
WHITE WHEAT,	2 30	@	2 60
RED WHEAT,	2 40	@	2 60
CORN,			1 00
RYE,			1 60
OATS,			75
BUCKWHEAT,			1 00
TIMOTHY SEED,			2 50
CLOVER SEED,			6 00
POTATOES,	1 60	@	1 70
BUTTER,			40
LARD,			14
EGGS,			15
BACON, HAMS,			18
" SIDES,			12½
" SHOULDERS,			12½
SOAP,	7	@	8
TALLOW,			10

MARRIED.

BEAR—MYERS.—On the 29th of March by Rev. S. Henry, Mr. David H. Bear, and Miss Anna Mary Myers.

WILSON—CLAPSADDLE.—On the 5th of April, by Rev. S. Henry Mr. Harrison Wilson and Miss Catharine Clapsaddle, both of this county.

WOOD—WHIPPLE.—In Memphis, Tenn., on the 9th of March, by the Rev. Thomas Bliss, Mr. James A. Wood, formerly of Gettysburg, to Miss Ella F. Whipple, formerly of Marion, Iowa.

DIED.

☞Obituary notices 5 cents a line for all over 4 lines—cash to accompany notices.

GRIEST.—On the 16th inst., Edith Griest, of Menallen township, in the 68th year of her age. [York papers please copy.]

REMMEL.—On the 24th inst., Danner McClay, son of Jacob Remmel, of this place, aged 20 years, 9 months and 26 days.

WORK.—At Fulton city, Missouri, on the 26th ult., James work, of Memphis, Missouri, and formerly of Adams County, son-in law of James Black, deceased, aged about 70 years.

New Advertisements.

DR. D. M. ECKENRODE, having located at HEIDLERSBURG, offers his services to the public, and hopes by strict attention to his professional duties to merit a reasonable share of public patronage. [April 29.—3m

WANTED

TWENTY TONS OF OATS OR WHEAT STRAW at the Gettysburg Spring. Apply to
April 29—3t E. G. MCCREARY.

NOTICE.

HAVING retired from business, I desire to close up my books as soon as possible, and request all indebted to me to call and settle. During my absence the Books will be left with my successor, Mr. FRANCIS CUNNINGHAM, who is authorized to receive monies and receipt in my name.
April 29—3t F. B. PICKING.

NOTICE—Is hereby given that application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county for the Incorporation of "Flohr's German Reformed Church," in Franklin township, and *Tuesday the 26th day of May* has been fixed for the hearing of the same, of which all parties in interest will take notice. J. A. KITZMILLER, Prothy.
April 29.—4d

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

In Common Pleas of Adams co., Pa.,
April Term, 1868.

IN the matter of the Report of the Auditor appointed to distribute the balance in hands of R. MCCURDY, Esq., Sequestrator of the Gettysburg Railroad Company, on his sixth account, upon sufficient filed and hearing had, it was ordered by the Court that the Report of said Auditor be referred back for further proceedings. Notice is hereby given to all persons in any way interested, that the undersigned, Auditor, will sit in obedience to this order of Court, at his office, in Gettysburg, *on Friday, the 15th day of May, 1868.*
April 29.—to J. C. NEELY, Auditor.

BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Gettysburg Building Association will be held in the Arbitration Room, Gettysburg, *May 2nd, at 7 o'clock, P. M.*, as which time the Election of officers for the ensuing year will be held. Other business of importance will be brought before the meeting and a full attendance of the membership is requested.

By a provision of the Charter a fine of 25 cents is imposed for non-attendance unless excused through sickness or other unavoidable cause.

By order of the Directory.
JNO. F. MCCLEAN, Secretary. April 22.—2t

SHERIFF'S SALE

On Tuesday and Wednesday, the 5th and 6th days of May next, in pursuance of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Pa., and to me directed, will be sold at Public Sale, at the residence of Dr. James A. Armstrong, in East Berlin, Adams county, the following Personal Property, viz: a large lot of DRIED and SMOKED MEATS, of all kinds; Potash, Window Glass, Horse Powders, Spices, 2 Spice Mills, Show Bottles, Jars and Prints; Scales and Weights, Empty Barrels, Kegs, Jugs, Demijohns, Tin Cans, Screws, &c.; a lot of Books, and many other articles belonging to a Drug and Book Store. Also, ONE TABLE, ONE BEDSTEAD, 1 set Chairs, 1 Coal Stove and Pipe, 1 Bench, and other articles, too numerous to mention.

Terms cash and taken in execution as the property of Dr. JAMES A. ARMSTRONG.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M. of each day.
PHILIP HANN, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, April 29.—2t

New Advertisements.

1868. DESIRABLE 1868.

DRY GOODS!

MOST EXCELLENT ASSORTMENTS!

I SELL for very small profits, and aim at doing a very large Business.

FASHIONABLE SHADES OF FINE SILK POPLINS.
FASHIONABLE SHADES OF FRENCH WOOL POPLINS.
FASHIONABLE SHADES OF ALPACCA POPLINS.
FRENCH CHINTZES, PIQUES, PERCALES & LAWNS
BLACK SILKS, BLACK SILKS, PLAID SILKS.
SWISS MUSLINS, & GONET MUSLINS, CAMBRIC.
BLACK ALPACCA, COLORED ALPACCA, BLACK ALL WOOL DELAIN.
RICH SHAWLS, CASHMERE SHAWLS, THIBET SHAWLS.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, CLOAKINGS, LINEN DRILLING, COTTONADE.
TABLE COVERS, TABLE LINEN, NAPKINS, TOWELS
BALMORAL SKIRTS, HOOP SKIRTS.
PLAIN LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS, HEM STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS.
MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES', & CHILDREN'S GLOVES AND STOCKINGS.

☞I am constantly receiving the latest styles of Dress and Fancy Goods. My stock comprises everything usually found in a first-class DRY GOODS STORE, to which I invite the attention of the public, feeling assured that I can safely challenge comparison with all other Stores in quality of goods and lowness of price. J. L. SCHICK.
Gettysburg, Pa., April 29, 1868.—tf

BOUNTY ACCOUNT.

STATEMENT of the Bounty Account of CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP, Adams county, Penna.

FRANCIS BREAM, Esq., Treasurer, in account with Bounty Fund.

DR.

To Balance Duplicate L. Bushman, 1865	$901 11
" " " C. Shriver, 1866	1,264 72
" Omissions " " J. Dearduff, 1866	666 72
" Duplicate Jno. Keefauver, 1867	37 42
" Loan A. Spangler	6,846 59
" " Jno. Musselmower	220 00
" Cash in hands of Treasurer as per report of Auditors appointed by Court	200 00
Interest from Sept. 11, 1867 to date of annuity	1,346 80
	49 83
	$11,629 19

CR.

By Balance of subetitute money paid Wm. E. Myers	100 00
Loans paid Individuals	1,600 00
Interest " "	366 83
Loans paid Bank	2,139 80
Interest and Stamps paid Bank	518 22
Collector's fees	30 00
Printing	22 75
Expenses of audit ordered by Court	181 37
Sundry Orders	174 19
Exonerations L. A. Bushman, 1865	767 88
Fees " " "	31 26
Exonerations C. Shriver, 1866	811 56
Fees " " "	64 40
Exonerations J. Dearduff, 1866	665 89
Fees " " "	46 66
Amount Outstanding on Duplicate of J. Keefauver, 1867	1,702 55
Treasurer's Fees	28 07
Balance in hands of Treasurer	2,398 04
	$11,629 19

STATEMENT OF INDEBTEDNESS.

The debt as reported by Auditors, 1867	8,853 95
Substitute money paid Jno. T. Hoffman, Jacob E. Shriver, Peter D. Swisher and John Goodman, and allowed by the Court	1,200 00
Balance substitute money paid W. E. Myers	100 00
	10,153 95
Of which has been paid during the year	3,845 80
Leaving present debt at	$6,308 15
Due as follows:	
Jonas Hebert	1,200 00
Philip Snyder	1,280 00
Bank	3,828 15
	6,308 15

ASSETS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

Cash in Treasurer's hands	2,398 04
Balance Outstanding on Duplicate Jno. Keefauver	1,702 55
	$4,100 59

The Auditors, in submitting the above statement as to the condition of the Bounty fund of Cumberland township, report that the apparently large amount of exonerations granted on Duplicates of 1866 and 1867, was occasioned by assessing a large number of persons who were exempt by reason of service in the army. They would also report that the suit brought by the township for the recovery of money paid for men never credited to the township has been decided in favor of the township. If the money can now be made there will be $1,500 (less expenses of suit) towards reducing still further the township liabilities.

DAVID MARING,
LEVI SPANGLER,
PETER D. SWISHER,
April 29.—3t Auditors.

THE LATEST STYLES

OF SPRING AND SUMMER

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

Just received by

ROBERT C. COBEAN,

Chambersburg Street, First Square,

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,

Where the public can find a large and varied assortment, which he is selling cheap. He also manufactures and repairs

HARNESS, of all kinds,

promptly and on reasonable terms. Bridles, Halters Trunks, Valises Whips, Cigars, and a variety of notions Give us a call. [April 29, 1868.—tf

HITESHEW'S NEW GOODS

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

HAVING just returned from the City with a large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
GROCERIES,
DRUGS,
QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS & MILLINERY GOODS,

I call the attention of my customers and the community to my large stock of goods. I am now offering at lower rates than they have been since the war and at prices which cannot fail to strike the purchaser as cheap. With every facility for purchasing goods at as low figures as any in the trade, I am also prepared to meet competition on low prices from any and all quarters.

Prompt conformity to the lowest market prices is my established rule. E. HITESHEW.
Petersburg, (Y. S.) April 29, 1868.—tf

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on TUESDAY, the 26th day of MAY, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

119. The second and final account of Samuel Brown, Administrator of Eliza Freed, deceased.

121. The first and final account of Jacob K. Oyler, Administrator of estate of Valentine Oyler, deceased, settled by Julian Oyler, Administratrix of estate of Jacob K. Oyler, deceased.

124. The account of Jacob Lady, Administrator of the estate of Abraham Lady, deceased.

125. The first account of Abraham Hart, Administrator of Joseph Hartzel, deceased.

126. The first and final account of Henry Myers, Executor of Jacob Marsh, deceased, settled by Henry J. Myers, Executor of Henry Myers, deceased.

127. The first and final account of Henry Kapp and John Kapp, Administrators of the estate of Elizabeth Kapp, deceased.

128. The first and final account of Josephus S. Roland, Administrator of the estate of Addison S. Roland, dec'd.

129. First and final account of John Hanes, Esq., Administrator of the estate of David Saurbaugh, dec'd.

130. First and final account of Peter Rahl, Executor of the last will and testament of Valentine Rahl, deceased.

131. First and final account of Jacob G. McIlhenny, Administrator of John Tate McIlhenny, deceased.

132. First and final account of Peter Quickel and John Sheely, Administrators of John Sheely, (of N.,) deceased.

133. Second account of Andrew Hykes, Executor of Samuel Deardorff, deceased.

134. Second account of Isaac F. Brinkerhoff, Executor of the last will and testament of Samuel Hersman, dec'd.

135. First account of John Edward Plank, Executor of the last will and testament of John G. Plank, deceased.

136. Second and final account of Peter B. Kauffman, surviving Executor of the last will and testament of Abraham Brown, deceased.

137. First and final account of Frederick Quickel, surviving Administrator of the estate of Samuel Gilliland, deceased.

138. First and final account of John A. Swope, Administrator of Morgan H. Swope, deceased.

W. D. HOLTZWORTH, Register.
April 29—to

Agents Wanted for

THE OFFICIAL HISTORY

OF THE WAR,

Its Causes, Character, Conduct and Results.

BY HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

A BOOK FOR ALL SECTIONS AND ALL PARTIES.

This great work presents the only complete and impartial Analysis of the Causes of the War yet published, and gives those historic lights and shadows of the great Statesman only known to those high officers who have studied the flood-tide of revolution from its fountain springs, and which were so accessible to Mr. Stephens from his position as second officer of the Confederacy.

To a public that has been surfeited with APPARENTLY PARTISAN PRODUCTIONS, we present a change of fare, both agreeable and salutary, and an intellectual treat of the highest order. The Great American War has AT LAST found a historian worthy of its importance, and at whose hands it will receive that moderate, candid and impartial treatment which truth and justice so urgently demand.

The intense desire every where manifested to obtain this work, in Gilbert Shelter and ready sale, combined with our increased commission, make it the best subscription book ever published.

One Agent in Easton, Pa., reports 72 subscribers in two days' work.

One in Boston, Mass. 103 subscribers in four days.

One in Memphis, Tenn. 100 subscribers in five days.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work, with from notices of advance sheets, &c.

Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.,
26 South Seventh st., Philadelphia, Pa.
April 29.—3t

ALL BONDS OF BLANKS, Deeds, Mortgages, Administrator's and Executor's, Deeds, Mortgages, Judgment Notes, Promissory Notes, with and without waiver of exemption, Summons, Subpœnas and Executions, for sale at the STAR AND SENTINEL office

New Advertisements.

THE

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

offer a limited amount of their

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS AT PAR,

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST

PAYABLE IN GOLD.

The Great Pacific Railroad Line, extending 1721 miles from Omaha, on the Missouri River, to the tide-waters of the Pacific Ocean, is being built by two powerful Companies—THE UNION PACIFIC, beginning at Omaha, building West, and the Central Pacific of California, beginning at Sacramento, building East, until the two roads shall meet.

Both Companies have prosecuted the work with great vigor, the Union Pacific having already expended over

THIRTY MILLION DOLLARS,

and the Central over *Twenty Millions*, upon their respective parts of the undertaking. THE UNION PACIFIC HAVE COMPLETED 550 MILES—have iron and other materials for two hundred miles more upon the ground, and one hundred additional miles are ready for the track. They will have a much larger force employed this year than ever before, and it is expected that between

800 and 900 MILES

will be in operation during 1868. There seems to be no reasonable doubt that the distance between Omaha and Sacramento will be traversed by rail in 1870.

THE GOVERNMENT GRANTS 12,800 acres of land, and its Bonds to the average amount of $28,000 per mile, to aid in the construction of the line, and authorizes the issue of the First Mortgage Bonds now offered for sale, to the same amount and no more. The Government takes a *second* lien, and gives to the First Mortgage Bondholders a *prior* lien for their security, to which a large paid-up capital is added. The Bonds cannot be issued except as each section of twenty miles is accepted by Government commission, so that they always represent a real property.

It is universally admitted that on the completion of the Union Pacific Railroad, its through business will make it one of the most profitable in the world—but its way or *local* business is already several times the interest on its bonds; so that, if not another mile were built, they would be a secure investment.

THE NET EARNINGS for eight months of last year on an average of 386 miles are officially reported at $1,069,136, while the interest on all the Bonds it could issue on that length of road for that time, reduced to currency, was only $345,856.

The amount paid by the Government for the transportation of troops, munitions, stores and mails has been, and doubtless will continue to be, much more than the interest on the United States Second Mortgage Bonds.—

The Farmer and Housekeeper.

ENTOMOLOGICAL.

APPLE AND PEACH TREE BORERS—THEIR HABITS, INJURIES AND THEIR REMEDIES.

Farmers and others who have to do with injurious insects from a necessity, and who also rarely undertake to observe closely their habits, are continually speaking of a class of insects—whose habits are similar in many points, but which differ greatly in their individual characters—as one insect. Thus, the very common and unmeaning expressions, *the* curculio, *the* borer, *the* fly, *the* thrips, etc.; and the same persons, acting on the same idea, apply remedies that are effectual against one kind of borer, to check the devastations of another, and of course meet with no success.—The reason, perhaps, why all "borers" are supposed to be of one and the same kind, is that they are generally seen only in their larva or grub state, in which, as a general rule, they do the most mischief, and more closely resemble each other than in the perfect state.

There are no less than three kinds of borers that infest the apple tree, while there is but one that commonly attacks the peach tree.—We will take up these four kinds in their order, and after fully understanding their habits, give such remedies as have been found the most efficient.

The larva of the two-striped borer (*Saperda bivittata* Say) which commonly infests the apple tree, and frequently pear and quince trees, is about an inch long when full grown, of a whitish color, and about as thick and round as a goose quill. The perfect insect is less than an inch long, and may be distinguished by the two stripes on its wing. Its colors are cinnamon, brown and white.—The perfect female of this species, as is the case with almost all borers, deposits her eggs upon, or among the cracks and chinks, of the bark. The young grub or larva soon afterwards hatches out, and bores into the sap-wood by a very small hole, which soon closes up. He confines himself almost entirely to the sap-wood during his larval state, at which period the greatest damage is done—young trees, when they contain several borers, being often completely girdled by them. As the grub approaches maturity, he sometimes mines into the heart-wood, which is, however, but slightly injurious to the tree. The larva never opens a hole through the bark, except when he is full grown, to effect a passage into the open air. So the holes in the tree, made by this insect—which are circular, as if made by a bullet—are not made by him in *going* into the tree, but in *coming* out, and therefore it is very absurd to suppose you can kill or find the insect by plugging up the holes or cutting them open.

The perfect insects come out during the month of June in this region, when they couple, and the female soon after deposits her eggs. The larva is about two years in arriving at maturity, and is remarkable for confining itself generally to the trunk of the trees.

The Bupresis Bore (*Chrysobothris femorata* Fabr.) is another enemy of the apple tree. It is a little over a half an inch long, is square headed and is colored dark brown with brassy spots. Its larva is whitish, and when full grown is about half an inch long. It is hammer-headed also, the head and fore parts being nearly twice as wide as the hinder parts, and considerably flattened. The hole which this insect bores in the tree is therefore of a shape peculiarly fitted to its body, which is oval-shaped. Hence from the shape of the hole alone the kind of borer which infests your trees can be determined, that of the two striped borers being the largest and of a circular form, while that of the Bupresis is the smaller and of an elliptical shape. The perfect insect of this species appears about the the same time as the preceding, and its habits are similar in all respects, except that it flies by day, and the larva only requires about half the time—twelve months—to come to maturity.

The remedies most efficient against these two borers, are as follows. Dr. Fitch, the State Entomologist of New York, recommends that about the last of May, the trees be rubbed with a bar of common soap, until they assume a whitish appearance. If it is the two-striped borer that infests your trees it will only be necessary to go over the lower part of the trunk, but if it is the Bupresis borer that bothers you, you must rub the entire trunk and the principal limbs, as he does not confine himself to any particular part of the tree. The virtue of this remedy lies in the fact that it is extremely distasteful to the perfect borers, who feeling great concern for their future families, shun all trees covered with it. The larva already in the trees can be cut out with the knife, but "prevention is better than cure."

The apple-twig Borer (*Bostrichus bicaudatus* Say) is remarkable in the fact that it bores apple trees in the perfect state. It is found mostly in the valley of the Mississippi. It bores into twigs about the size of a lead pencil, during the month of June. It will commence to bore just above one of the buds, and continues downward for an inch or more through the heart of the twig, excavating a hole about the size of a knitting needle. The insect is less than half an inch long, and is of a very dark brown color. The male has two little thorns projecting from its tail.—Both males and females are found in the holes, which they excavate for food. It is supposed that this borer breeds in the sapwood of forest trees. The bored twigs generally break off in the first high wind, which is the only damage occasioned by this borer. The only remedy suggested is to search for the bored twigs in June and cut them off and destroy them.

The Peach tree Borer (*Ægeria exitiosa* Say,) is a Lepidopterous insect, belonging to an entirely different order (*Lepidoptera*; moths, butterflies) of insects from the preceding borers which all belong to the order Coleopters or beetles. Its colors are yellow and steel-blue, and its wings are quite narrow for the length of its body. The female is larger, and very different in other respects from the male.

The larva of the Peach tree Borer is about the same size, shape and color as the larva of the two-striped borer, but differs from it in having six legs, whereas the other has none. It is particularly fond of the butt of the tree, and indeed generally works a little below the surface of the ground. It lives one year in its larval state, and the perfect insect comes out in July and August. They always live in the sap wood, and wherever the larva is, a thick mass of gum exudes from the tree, which serves as a guide to the retreat of the destroyer.

THE La Crosse *Democrat*, the accepted organ of the Democracy, outrages decency in the following paragraph:

"Grant is a Methodist by a trade, a tyrant by instinct, a drunkard by nature, and a bigoted Know Nothing by descent; according to the drivelling account published by that dilapidated patch of old boot leather, the paternal Grant, the remote ancestors of Ulysses were of the Mayflower convicts. U. S. Grant has left no stone unturned to secure his election to the Presidency. A convicted liar, on the testimony of five members of the Cabinet and the President of the United States; a drunkard from the testimony of all army officers who knew him, from Whisky Sheridan to Tecumseh Sherman; a foul Puritan by the testimony of his emasculated daddy, and the tenor of his military orders—his election would be an outrage on decency far greater than the election of the defunct clown who clung to the office like grim death to a sick nigger, until the breath left his angular carcass."

New Advertisements.

WE ARE COMING,

And will present to any person sending us a club in our Great

ONE DOLLAR SALE

OF

DRY and FANCY GOODS,

A WATCH, PIECE OF SHEETING, SILK DRESS PATTERNS, &c., &c.

FREE OF COST.

Our inducements during the past few years have been large.

We now double our rates of Premiums.

Our friends will readily notice our Presents for 30 and 60 Clubs are now more than equal in value to Clubs of 60 and 100 respectively of other firms.

☞ PLEASE EXAMINE. ☜

Any person ordering either of the Clubs mentioned below, can have their selections of premiums enumerated, corresponding to the size of the Club,

FREE OF ONE DOLLAR!

FOR A CLUB OF 30, ($3.)—One of the following articles, viz: Delaine dress pattern; fancy colored bed spread; 100 view Turkey morocco album; 20 yards sheeting; striped cashmere delaine dress pattern; honey comb quilt; all wool square shawl; set solid gold bosom studs; all wool fancy cashmere pants and vest pattern; gent's hair guard chain gold trimings; silver plated chased butter dish; silver plated 5 bottle revolving castor, on feet; set superior steeled bladed knives and forks; worsted promanade shawl; ladies' long gold plated chain; ladies' gold double ring; gents' heavy chased solid gold ring; solid black walnut work box or writing desk; extra quality balmoral skirt; set jewelry, sleeve buttons to match; violin and bow; gent's cardigan jacket; splendid ebony D flute, ivory trimmings; superior Turkey morocco shopping bag; ladies' high cut balmoral boots.

FOR A CLUB OF 60, ($4.)—One of the following articles, viz: Black or colored alpaca dress pattern; poplin dress pattern; one piece of bleached or brown sheeting; engraved, silver-plated, 6 bottle revolving castor; 3½ yards superior cashmere for pants and vest pattern; extra heavy honey comb quilt; two fancy colored bed spreads; pair gent's calf boots; 4 yards farmers' good wool frocking; fancy cashmere plaid dress pattern; best quality balmoral skirt; rosewood brass harm rocking; ladies' all wool cloak pattern; silver-plated cake or card basket; for muff or cape; ladies' fashionable wool double shawl; splendid chapped family Bible, 9x12 record page and engravings; 5 yards double width water proof cloaking; set ivory handle knives, with silver-plated forks; set silver forks; one set lace curtains.

FOR A CLUB OF 100, ($10.)—One of the following articles, viz: 4 yards double width cloaking or coating; 2 large, fine, bleached linen table covers, with 1 doz. large sized dinner napkins to match; twenty-five yards splendid hemp carpeting, good colors; extra quantity black or alpaca dress patterns; extra quality poplin dress patterns; one large piece superior quality extra width sheeting; pair gent's calf boots best quality; silver hunting-cased patent lever watch; one dozen gent's fine steel bladed knives and forks; silver-plated engraved six bottle revolving castor, with cut glass bottles; splendid violin, box and bow, complete; single barrel shot-gun; Bacon's six-barrel revolver; pair superior white wool blankets; nice fur muff and cape; silver-plated engraved ice pitcher, with salver; seven and one-half yards all wool fancy cassimere, for suit; one dozen Rogers' best silver-plated forks; common sense sewing and embroidering machine; two heavy honey comb quilts; splendid family Bible, record and photograph page.

For larger Clubs the value in premiums in the same ratio.

Catalogue of Goods and Sample sent to any address free. Send money by registered letter.

Address all orders to

ALLEN, HAWES & O.,

15 FEDERAL ST., BOSTON, MASS.

P. O. BOX C.

Wholesale Dealers in Dry and Fancy Goods, Cultery Plated Ware, Albums, Leather Goods, &c., &c.

April 15, 1868.—tf

WOODEN WATER PIPE, GAS PIPE, AND EAVE TROUGH!

THE best and cheapest articles ever made. Everybody, particularly Farmers and Miners, send for a free descriptive circular and price list to J. A. WOODWARD, Williamsport, Pa.

PATENT OFFICES.

INVENTORS who wish to take out Letters Patent are advised to counsel with MUNN & CO., editors of the *Scientific American*, who have prosecuted claims before the Patent Office for over Twenty Years. The Scientific American and European Patent Agency is the most extensive in the world. Charges less than any other reliable agency. A Pamphlet containing full instructions to inventors, sent gratis.

☞ A handsome Bound Volume, containing 160 Mechanical engravings, and the United States Census by Counties, with Hints and Receipts for Mechanics, mailed on receipt of 25 cents. Address

MUNN & CO.,
37 Park Row, New York.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED FOR THE NEW BOOK, "*MEN OF OUR TIMES*"

or Leading Patriots of the Day. An elegant octavo volume, richly illustrated with 16 beautiful Steel Engravings, and a portrait of the author, Mrs.

HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.

Agents say it is the best, and sells the quickest of any book they ever sold. Some are taking 200 orders per week. It will outsell "Uncle Tom's Cabin." We employ no general agent, but pay extra commission. Old Agents will appreciate this item. Send for Circulars giving full particulars. Address HARTFORD PUBLISHING CO., Hartford, Ct.

WATNED—AGENTS,

In all parts of the United States for our New Work,

"*People's Book of Biography,*"

CONTAINING over eighty sketches of eminent persons of all ages and countries, women as well as men; a handsome Octavo book of over 630 pages illustrated with beautiful steel engravings; written by James Parton, the most popular of living authors, whose name will ensure for it a rapid sale. Send for descriptive circular and see our extra terms. A. S. HALE & CO., Publishers, Hartford, Conn.

HOWE & STEVENS FAMILY DYE COLORS.

THIRTY DIFFERENT SHADES, all in liquid form. The same shades, all in powder form. We also have the use of the Blacks, Browns and Drabs, in the powder form. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers and at the Manufactory, Boston, Mass.

WANTED—AGENTS FOR

Bingley's History of Animated Nature

1200 Royal Octavo Pages. 1200 fine engravings.

PRICE ONLY $6 50.

THE cheapest Book in the world. Exclusive Territory and the largest commission. Circular giving full particulars, terms, etc., also our fine poster with 50 sample illustrations, sent free on application. Address C. F. VENT & CO., 38 West 4th St., Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

Official History of the War.

ITS CAUSES, CHARACTER, CONDUCT AND RESULTS,

By Hon. ALEXANDER H. STEVENS.

ITS ready sale, combined with an increased commission make it the best subscription book ever published.

One Agent in Easton, Pa., reports 72 subscribers in three days. Another in Boston, 103 subscribers in four days. Send for Circulars, and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

CARPENTERS.—Send for Catalogue of New Practical Books on Architecture and Stair Building.

A. J. BICKNELL & CO., Publishers, Springfield, Ill.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!

A Beautiful Illustrated Book worth a Thousand Dollars, sent free to any address on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing Professor JOHN VANDERPOOL, No. 255 Winchrop Place, New York city.

Indispensable for Ladies IS THE SEWING GUIDE,

a beautiful article for the assistance of ladies in hand sewing, not only protecting the finger from the ugly prick of the needle, but, being provided with a rib, the stitches are made with EXACT REGULARITY, and *increased rapidity*. It also keeps the point of the needle in perfect condition. For all kinds of *embroidering* and *crocheting* it is *invaluable*.

The GUIDE is elegantly silver-plated, and will sell at sight to every lady. Sent to any address, by mail, on receipt of 25 cents, or sold silver, for 15 cents.

Agents wanted in every town. Terms and sample for 25 cents. Liberal discount to the trade. Address NILES MANUFACTURING CO., 55 Water st., Boston, Mass.

THOMAS R. AGNEW,

280 and 282 GREENWICH ST., N. Y.,

Has reduced the prices of Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Flour and all kinds of Groceries from 10 to 20 per cent,

BEST ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEA, $1.

SPLENDID COLOMO TEA, 90c.

1000 bbls. FLOUR, all grades, from $11 upwards.

20,000 gal. Molasses, all grades, from 40c. upwards.

Coffees, roasted and ground, 15c. to 40c. Sugars, all grades, at refiners' prices, and everything used in every family cheaper and better than any store in New York.

THOMAS R. AGNEW compiles his own store, owns the property, and has no rent-to-pay; imports and buys exclusively for cash, never gave a note in his life, consequently he can undersell any house in the city.

COD LIVER OIL CREAM.

A French Preparation, which preserves all the nutritious and medicinal qualities of the *pure oil*.

Is free from all offensive taste or smell, and—being agreeable to the taste—is easily digested, thus affording the patient the full benefit of the quantity taken.

Is readily taken mixed with water, thus avoiding the use of whiskey or other expensive or hurtful additions.

It is recommended and prescribed by the Medical profession. Price $1 a bottle. For circulary send to

HYATT & CO., 46 Cortlandt st., N. Y.

GOODSPEED'S FOUNTAIN PEN, 60 lines written with one pen of Ink. The best thing in the world. Sample sent for 10 cts. $10 a day guaranteed to Agents. Address J. T. PRIOR & CO., 97 Fulton, *Box*, New York.

New Advertisements.

RED JACKET AXE.

COLBURN'S PATENT.—JULY 9, 1867.

TRIED AND NOT FOUND WANTING.

We claim it will cut Twenty-Five (25) per cent. more cord wood per day than any other Axe made.

SIR:—I have fully tried your Patent Axe and find that it is all that you claim for it. It will chop faster than any other Axe that I ever saw, and leaves the wood without sticking at all. I would not chop three days without one for the cost. I need not say any more, for any man that tries one will be satisfied.

WM. KEES.

McKeesport, Dec. 19, 1867.

CAUTION!—The Axe and the Label are both patented. Infringers on these patents will be prosecuted according to law. Venders or dealers, and persons using any infringement, are liable with the maker of the infringement.

☞ For sale by all Dealers and the manufacturers,

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL,

(SUCCESSORS TO LIPPINCOTT & CO.)

Sole owners of the Patents,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CO.

THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,

VIA PANAMA OR NICARAGUA.

SAILING FROM NEW YORK

March 5th and 25th; April 5th and 15th; May 5th, 15th and 25th.

With New Steamships of the First Class.

PASSAGE LOWER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE.

For information address D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent, 117 West street, New York.

W. H. WEBB, *President.* CHAS. DANA, *Vice Pres.*

Office—54 Exchange Place, New York.

XL

A PRESENT OF $25 VALUE,

OF your own selection, free of cost, for a few days' service in any town or village. Particulars and a gift at us free, by addressing, with stamp, N. B. CLOUDMAN & CO., 40 Hanover st., Boston, Mass.

We sell for One Dollar,

GOLD and Silver Watches, Sewing Machines, Silk Dress Patterns, Carpetings, Domestic Goods, &c.

CIRCULARS SENT FREE,

giving full particulars, or ten checks sent for One Dollar, describing ten different articles which we will sell for *ONE DOLLAR EACH.*

Splendid inducements offered to Agents sending us Clubs. Address, LABONTE & BABBITT, No. 83 Sudbury street, Boston, Mass.

EVERY LADY AND GENT in the world are wanted as Agents for our ONE DOLLAR SALE. A WATCH, a cut of Corner's Dinner, a Chart, and thousands of other articles, for $1.00 each. Send 27 cents for 2 checks and circulars giving full information. Liberal inducements to Agents. Circulars sent free.

BANKS, LORD & CO.,
221 Washington street, Boston, Mass.

TRUSSES—"SEELEY'S HARD RUBBER TRUSS" Cures Rupture, retains the most difficult safely and easily; never rusts, breaks, moves or soils; always new. Sold by all Druggists. Send for pamphlet, 1347 Chestnut st., Phila.

WANTED, AGENTS, $75 to $200 per month, everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. The machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $15. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., PITTSBURGH, PA., or BOSTON, MASS.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

$250 per month guaranteed to Agents everywhere selling our *Patent Reversible and Self-Sealing Cable Chain Lines.* Write for Circulars to the AMERICAN WIRE CO., 162 Broadway, N. Y., or 16 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill.

WE ARE STILL MAKING A COMPLETE REVOLUTION IN TRADE,

and selling every description of DRY AND FANCY GOODS, PLATED WARE, JEWELRY, WATCHES, SEWING MACHINES, &c., &c., at the uniform price of

ONE DOLLAR.

We would impress upon our patrons that our Stock is not composed of second-hand articles, or Brokers' unredeemed Stock, but Goods carefully selected direct from American and European Manufactories, the greater portion of which are

MANUFACTURED EXCLUSIVELY FOR US,

which fact enables us to offer our customers better Goods for the money than those who profess to be "Manufacturers' Agents," or than CAN BE OBTAINED IN ANY OTHER WAY.

The unparalleled increase of our business, and the endorsement of prominent business men and the press in general, is a convincing proof that we have adopted the fairest and most popular system ever placed before the public. We are the first who have attempted to make a "Revolution in Trade," by enabling the public to procure goods in small quantities at manufacturers' prices, thus saving the enormous profits now realized by middlemen through the hands of the Commission Merchant, the Wholesaler, and Retailer.

Send one dollar for one more, with 10 cts. for each descriptive check, and the getter up of the club will receive a present worth $3 to $500, according to number sent.

☞ SEND FOR OUR NEW CIRCULAR. ☜

We have also made arrangements with the

GREAT ORIENTAL TEA CO.,

of Boston, so that we can furnish our customers WITH OTHER Goods and a full line of TEAS at precisely the same terms to Agents as though dealing directly with the company, thus giving an opportunity of selecting from the various grades any quality they may desire.—We also pay agents the same commission as allowed by the Company. Blank form of order, with price-list and "THE TEA CUP," sent to any address.

PARKER & CO.,
Nos. 64 & 66 Federal st., Boston.

TO THE LADIES.

We are agents for over ONE HUNDRED Foreign and Domestic Manufacturers, and are prepared to furnish the whole country with DRY and FANCY GOODS, SILKS, SHAWLS, JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, FURNITURE, PIANOS, SEWING MACHINES, &c., &c., at the uniform price of

One Dollar for each Article.

Send your clubs of 10 and upwards, for descriptive checks, showing what article can be obtained for One Dollar, with 10 cents for each check.

CIRCULARS SENT FREE.

Presents worth from $3 to $400 sent free of charge to agents sending clubs.

☞ Agents wanted in every town.

CUSHMAN & CO.,
10 Arch street, Boston, Mass.

WANTED—EVERYWHERE.—Good Agents for our new work, "Home Book of Wonders;" also for "A New Family Photograph Bible." For terms, address A. BRAINARD, Hartford, Conn

Sewing Machines.

THE GREAT

AMERICAN COMBINATION

BUTTON HOLE OVERSEAMING AND

SEWING MACHINE.

Is warranted to execute in the best manner every variety of Sewing, Hemming, Felling, Cording, Tucking, Braiding, Gathering, Quilting, Overseaming, Embroidering on the edge, and in addition makes beautiful Button and Eyelet Holes in all fabrics.

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

BEING ABSOLUTELY THE BEST

FAMILY MACHINE,

IN THE WORLD,

And Intrinsically the Cheapest,

For it is two Machines combined in one by a simple and beautiful mechanical arrangement.

Circulars with full particulars and samples of work done on the Machine, can be had on application at the Office of the Agent at J. M. Harper's Confectionary and Variety Store, Baltimore st., Gettysburg, Pa.

D. W. ROBISON, Agent.

☞ All Machines warranted 1 year, and instructions given gratuitiously to all purchasers.

March 18.—3m

SEWING MACHINES!

THE GROVER & BAKER.

THE BEST IN USE.—These Machines have become so well known that little need be said by way of recommendation. They have taken the first premium at all the State Fairs, and are universally acknowledged to be the BEST in use by all who have tried them. The "Grover & Baker Stitch" and the "Shuttle Stitch" are alike, and have been obtained by no other Machine. They are the only Machines that sew and embroider with perfection. These Machines are peculiarly adapted to family use. They are almost noiseless, sew directly from the spool without rewinding, and are simple in their construction. They are easy to manage, and can be learned by almost *any child. Every family should have one. They save labor, they supply, and in every* way add to their work better than it can be done by hand.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Machines, has established an Agency in Fairfield, Adams co., where he will always have on hand a supply. Parties wishing to buy will generally find examining for themselves.

☞ Needles and Thread will also be supplied.

J. R. WITHEROW, Agent,
Fairfield Adamscounty, Pa.

Aug. 19, 1866.—tf.

Miscellaneous.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

LADIES' COMPANIONS,

TOILET SETS,

WRITING DESKS,

PERFUMERY,

FANCY CHINA & BOHEMIAN VASES,

TOYS, &C., &C., &C.,

AT A. R. FEISTEL'S,

Opposite Fahnestocks' Store.

Gettysburg, April 1, 1868.—tf

INSURE IN THE

HOPE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF YORK, PENN'A.

(LATE FARMERS' AND MECHANICS.)

OFFICE: Hartman's Building, Centre Square.

CHARTERED CAPITAL..... $100,000 00
AVAILABLE ASSETS..... 57,423 17

RISKS of every description taken for a period of years, or perpetually, at as low rates as are consistent with the security of the Company and the parties insured, and on as accommodating terms as with any Company in the country.

NO PREMIUM NOTES are taken in this Company, and consequently, no Assessments will be made on its policies. More than half the entire stock is owned by its Officers and Directors, which is a guarantee that its affairs will be so managed as to make it a safe medium for insurance.

INSURANCE CREATES INDEPENDENCE: a person pays for his own indemnity, and need not be a Tax on his friends in the event of Fire. *Delays are dangerous.*

☞ All losses promptly adjusted and paid without delay.

DIRECTORS:—Philip A. Small, John A. Weiser, John F. Spangler, M. B. Spahr, Geo. W. Ilgenfritz, David E. Small, Charles A. Morris, W. H. Kurtz, of C., Lewis Carl.

HENRY WELSH, President.

DAVID E. SMALL, Vice-President.

J. CARL, Treasurer. T. K. WHITE, Sec'y.

☞ Applications for Insurance promptly attended to by the Secretary or any of the Company's Agents.

AGENTS:—Wm. Beltzel, John T. Williams, York; H. A. Picking, Gettysburg; Smith & Harris, Wrightsville; T. W. Herr, Lancaster; John H. ZeHer, M't. Joy, Lancaster county; D. Q. Albright, Hanover; N. Z. Seitz, Glen Rock, and S. M. Ruminger, Mechanicsburg.

April 22 —3m.

WAGON MAKING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he carries on the

WAGON-MAKING BUSINESS

in all its branches, at his Shop, in Cumberland township, about one-half mile from Brem's Mill, on the road leading from said Mill to the Emmittsburg road, and is prepared to execute all orders with promptness.

☞ REPAIRING ☜

OF ALL KINDS ATTENDED TO.

He also manufactures HAND-RAKES, SHAKING FORKS AND BROOM-HANDLES, for wholesale and retail trade.

He hopes, by prompt attention to business, to merit and receive a liberal patronage. Orders addressed to him at Gettysburg, will receive prompt attention.

Aug. 7, 1867.—1y WILLIAM H. HOUCK.

ROBERT D. ARMOR,

GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,

East Middle street, half a square from the Courthouse,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

WILL promptly attend to all orders in his line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE

furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights &c.; also WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Frost Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.

Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [Dec. 22, 1867.—tf

WIRE RAILING, Wire Guards for Stone Fronts, Any-lums, &c.: Iron Bedsteads, Wire Web Seating for Bissop and Poultry Yards; Brass and Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Fender Screens for Coal, Ores, Sand, &c., Heavy Crimped Cloth for Spark Arresters; Landscape Wires for Windows, &c.: Papermakers' Wires, Ornamental Wire Work, &c. For information by addressing the manufacturers. M. WALKER & SONS, No. 11 North Sixth st., Philadelphia. [Feb. 5, 1868.—1y

BARK! BARK!

1100 CORDS WANTED!

THE SUBSCRIBER WANTS

600 CORDS OF

BLACK OAK BARK,

for which he will pay $6 00 per cord, on delivery, in good order, at his tanyard in Gettysburg. Wanted also

500 CORDS OF

ROCK OAK BARK,

for which the highest market price will be given.

JOHN RUPP.

Feb. 12.—6m

WM. A. DROWN & CO.,

UMBRELLA AND PARASOL MANUFACTURERS,

246 *MARKET STREET,*

PHILADELPHIA,

Invite attention to their stock of

PARASOLS,

SUN UMBRELLAS,

GINGHAM SUN UMBRELLAS,

SILK AND GINGHAM UMBRELLAS,

For sale at the lowest prices of the day. [April 1.—1m

$25 Agents Wanted. $25

We want first class Agents to introduce our IMPROVED FEAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. The cheapest and best Machine in the whole country. Extraordinary inducements to good active salesmen. Particulars and sample work furnished on application.

A. J. DUMONT, Agent,
630 Arch street, Philadelphia.

WANTED AGENTS to sell the cheapest, most practical and durable pens ever brought before the public, GREENE'S GOLDEN PENS, widely celebrated for their remarkable flexibility and anti-corrosive properties. These Pens are put up in bronze and gilt slide boxes, sell rapidly and pay a large profit to the agent. Sample cards, with Pens, forwarded on receipt of 10 cts. Circulars free, address CHAS. S. GREENE, 613 Chestnut, st. Philadelphia, Pa. [April 1, —1m

TO MILLERS.—For sale a pair of CHOPPING STONES AND GEARING—also a BONE MILL FIXTURES. Enquire of

G. E. BRINGMAN.

Gettysburg, Oct. 9.—tf

Hoop Skirts.

628 HOOP SKIRTS. 628

WM. T. HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE"

OF

"*KEYSTONE SKIRTS,*"

are the best and CHEAPEST Low PRICED Hoop Skirts in the market. Trail Skirts, 25 springs, $1.00; 30 springs, $1.20; and 40 springs, $1.45. Plain Skirts, 6 tapes, 30 springs, 90 Cents; 36 springs, 96 Cents; 50 springs, $1.15; and 50 springs, $1.25. Warranted in every respect.

"Our OWN Make" of "UNION SKIRTS." Sewed Tape Trails, from 20 to 50 springs, $1.30 to $2.10. Plain, Six Tapes, 20 to 50 springs, from 75 Cents to $2.00. These Skirts are better than those sold by other establishments as first class goods, and at much lower prices.

"Our OWN Make" of "CHAMPION SKIRTS" are in every way superior to all other Hoop Skirts before the public, and only have to be examined or worn to convince every one of the fact. Manufactured of the best linen-finished English Steel Springs, very superior tapes, and the style of the metallic fastenings and manner of covering them surpass for durability and excellence any other Skirt in this country, and are lighter, more elastic, will wear longer, give more satisfaction, and are really cheaper than all others. Every lady should try them. They are being sold extensively by Merchants throughout this and the adjoining states at very moderate prices. If you want the best, ask for "Hopkin's Champion Skirt." If you do not find them, get the merchant with whom you deal to order them for you, or come or send direct to us. Merchants will find our different grades of Skirts exactly what they need, and we especially invite them to call and examine our extensive assortment, or send for Wholesale Price List.

TO BE had at Retail of Manufactory, 828 of the Retail Trade generally, and at Wholesale of the Manufactory only, to whom all orders should be addressed.

MANUFACTORY AND SALESROOM, 628 ARCH ST., Between 6th and 7th sts., Philadelphia.

Feb. 26, 1868.—3m WM. T. HOPKINS.

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

CHANGE OF FIRM.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

THE undersigned, having taken the store of F. B. Picking, on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Penna., opposite the "*Star and Sentinel*" office, respectfully informs his friends that he is prepared to sell

Ready-Made Clothing

OF ALL KINDS,

COATS,

PANTS,

VESTS,

SHIRTS,

DRAWERS,

TRUNKS,

CARPET SACKS,

UMBRELLAS,

BUFFALO & GUM SHOES, &c.

All of which will be sold at *LOWEST CASH RATES.*

April 8, 1868. FRANCIS CUNNINGHAM.

GEO. JACOBS & BRO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Chambersburg Street, Gettysburg, Pa.,

next door to Keystone Hotel.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, TWEEDS,

Of all styles, and best quality the market can produce, furnished cheap as can be sold in the country, which will be cut out, if desired, without extra charge.

Goods made up and warranted TO FIT.

Also, sole Agents for Adams County for

The Howe Sewing Machine,

The most perfect & reliable in America!

The highest premium—the Cross of the Legion of Honor, and Gold Medal—awarded at the Paris Exposition, 1867.

The Howe Machine will do a larger variety of work in better style than any other machine, and defies all competition for simplicity and ease in working. Call and examine them. Circulars containing price list, &c., can be had on application. [Feb. 12, 1868.—tf

MERCHANT TAILORING.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS,

and other materials for Men's Wear, furnished and made up to order, on short notice.

SATISFACTION WARRANTED.

Work also solicited from Customers, to purchase their Goods elsewhere.

W. T. KING,
York street, opposite the Bank.

June 12, 1867.—1y

Farming Implements, &c.

WEAVER'S PATENT ADJUSTABLE SELF-FEEDING

ROCK DRILL,

ONE OF THE GREATEST IMPROVMENTS OF THE AGE.

Being the first successful attempt to apply machinery to Rock Drilling for blasting purposes, and which will answer equally well for splitting Rock and drilling Holes in Rock for any purpose.

PATENTED JULY 16, 1867.

THIS Drill has everything that is desired in a Rock Drill. It has any amount of adjustability, so that it will stand on any uneven surface, where it is possible for a man to drill.

It drills perpendicularly, or at any angle up to 55 degrees, and any depth or dimensions required for Blasting.

It operates easily, and with one of these Machines a man can do five times the amount of work done in the old way, in the same time. In ordinary Rock it will drill one inch per minute.

With this Drill, farmers, who have rough land, can clear the rock off with little expense. Any person who can turns a wind-mill can operate the drill.

It can be used in Wells, Cellars, Coal Mines, or any place that Rock is met with.

☞ The undersigned having purchased from the Patentee, WILLIAM WEAVER, all his interest in said Letters Patent in and to the State of Pennsylvania, are prepared to sell *County and Township Rights* in said State, on reasonable terms. We have also been constituted, by Letters of Attorney, Agents for the Patentee, for the sale of State Rights throughout the United States. Persons desiring to secure County or Township Rights in Pennsylvania, or to secure the Right for other States, will address,

BELL & WEAVER,
Hunterstown, Adams county, Pa.
PHILIP WEAVER. ROBERT BELL.

March 25, 1868.—3m

EAST BERLIN FIRM.

REBERT & HOOVER.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

Buckeye Reaper and Mower—Buckeye Self-Raker, Hoffhein's Patent—Self-discharging Wire Horse Rake, Shireman's Patent—Brand's Patent Wire Horse Rake —The Rockaway Wire Rake.—Also,

Threshing Machines,

CORN PLANTERS, TWO KINDS, SHIREMAN'S PATENT AND WAMBAUGH'S PATENT, YORK,

GRAIN DRILLS, MOORE'S PATENT—CORN SHELLER, WAMBAUGH'S PATENT.

REPAIRING of all kinds done on short notice.

Call and see what we can do.

REBERT & HOOVER.

East Berlin, March 4, 1868.—4m

NEW MACHINE SHOP AT NEW OXFORD.

THE undersigned calls attention to his new Machine Shop, at New Oxford, Adams county, which he has put up, at large expense, with the determination to do good and satisfactory work. He will manufacture various kinds of

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY,

such as THRESHING MACHINES, SPRING-TOOTH RAKES, &c.; and will keep the BUCKEYE REAPER & MOWER on hand for sale.

All descriptions of REPAIRING done promptly and as cheaply as possible.

He has in connection with his Machine Shop a STEAM SAW MILL, upon which he will do all kinds of work in that line.

He asks the public to call and give him a trial, and he guarantees full satisfaction.

March 25, 1868.—6m JACOB STOCK.

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES

THE subscribers have just returned from the city with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

Carpenter's Tools
Blacksmith's Tools.
Coach Findings,
Shoe Findings,
Cabinet Maker's Tools.
House keeper's Furniture,
All kinds of Iron & Steel.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,

Oils, Paints, &c., &c. There is near the limit not included in the several departments mentioned above, but what can be had at this Store. Every class of Mechanic's can be accommodated here with tools and findings and Housekeepers will find their every requisite. Give us a call a We are prepared to sell as low as any other house in the county for cash.

May 20 1867

Financial.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF 7-30 NOTES.

Last fall, when the privilege of converting the August 7-30 Notes expired, many persons who neglected to convert into 5-20 Bonds, or sell, lost the premium and the privilege of converting. It will be the same with the 7-30's maturing in June and July next, if not disposed of in time. This Bank will either convert, or purchase, the 7-30's, allowing premium and interest.

Feb. 19, 1868.—tf GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,

Is agent for the sale of the first Mortgage

Union Pacific Rail Road.

6 PER CENT. GOLD INTEREST BONDS,

at par with interest payable semi-annually at our counter. All necessary information given.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

GOVERNMENT BONDS, of all kinds, BOUGHT and SOLD.

SEVEN-THIRTY BONDS converted into FIVE TWENTY BONDS without charge.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES CASHED.

The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD and SILVER.

STOCKS and BONDS, of all kinds, bought for persons without CHARGING COMMISSION.

ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS *advanced* 1 *per cent.*, viz:

5 PER CENT. for 1 year,
4 PER CENT. for 6 months,
3 PER CENT. for 3 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds and Stocks of all kinds, are invited to give us a call, and we will give all information cheerfully.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Oct 30, 1867.—tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG

WILL ALLOW